

Jacksonville Daily Journal.

JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1904

SOME LIVELY DEBATES

MARKED THE SESSION OF THE HOUSE YESTERDAY.

Kentucky and Indiana Cross Swords Over Extradition Matters—Proceedings of the Senate—Notes.

SENATE.

Washington, Feb. 3.—After almost allowing the amendment to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill providing for a loan of \$1,000,000 to the St. Louis exposition, the senate to day changed its tactics just as a vote was about to be taken and began debate on the loan provision, which continued for four hours and was still in progress when the senate adjourned. Debate was precipitated by a point of order made against the amendment by Bailey, who maintained the national government was not, as such, concerned with the success or failure of any exposition. He was supported by Atkins and Lodge, while speeches were made in support of the amendment by Hale, Allison, Cockrell, Spooner, McComas and others. The debate took a political turn at one time. Gorman took advantage of the declaration that the condition of the treasury was such as to render it unwise to enter upon this expenditure to charge the party in power with mismanagement.

Spencer replied in defense of the administration.

The debate throughout was spirited, but good natured and the galleries were well entertained.

During the course of his speech in the senate to day Spooner made the important and important announcement that the Republican party did not intend to enter into revision of the tariff at this session to congress. Asked why, he replied the reason was found in the fact that such an effort would too greatly disturb the business interests of the country. A presidential election was entirely a sufficient a disturber of business without adding unnecessarily to complications, he said.

HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Indiana and Kentucky locked horns in the house to day. The debate, which involved nearly every member of both state delegations was fast and furious from start to finish. Kentucky demanded of Indiana the return of W. S. Taylor that he might be tried for the assassination of William Goebel. The attack was made by James (Ky.) and the defense was led by Crumpacker (Ind.). Partisan feeling rose to extreme tension. The diplomatic appropriation bill was under consideration at the time. James fired both sides of the house to interest and feeling by declaring at the outset that the "rough rider president" was ridiculous in his message to congress favoring international extradition when one state could not get from another fugitives from justice. He had, he said, introduced a bill in which the federal government made extradition compulsory where persons had been indicted for a crime. For four years, he said, Governor Durbin, of Indiana, had protected Taylor, who had been regularly indicted in Kentucky for the murder of Goebel "and yet I notice that when Durbin comes to town," continued James, "he is wine and dined by this great Don Quixote upon extradition. Who absolutely confides to Durbin the right to give the waiting world news that Hanna can run for president if he wants to, and when we all read that de again declare 'the king can do no wrong.'"

These remarks met Democratic applause and laughter, but stirred the opposition to action and for something like two hours many members were on their feet at a time and criminal and political records of both Kentucky and Indiana were handled without gloves. The Democrats maintained that a state government had no right to take the question of a "fair trial" into consideration in honoring an extradition from another state, while the Republicans maintained history would justify Indiana's action in the case.

When Crumpacker took the floor in defense of Indiana he was beset by a volley of questions from the Democratic side and was hardly able to maintain the thread of his argument on account of interruptions. The tension was lessened and better order restored by the interposition of a speech on reorganization of the consular service by Adams (Pa.), but it afterwards broke out again under the lead of Stanley (Ky.), only to be again quelled by a long speech against Canadian reciprocity by Volstead (Minn.).

The session was concluded at 5 o'clock by a five minute appeal by Harrison (N.Y.) for the equal treatment of American citizens abroad, especially for American Hebrews in Russia.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Charles Lewiston, marshal for the western district of Wisconsin, and Walter C. Crocker to be postmaster at Spooner, Wis. were confirmed by the senate to day.

The navy department anticipates no trouble from the band of Colombians who are reported to have crossed into Panama territory and encamped near Cape Tiburon. They will be kept under close watch and so long as they refrain from making trouble or approaching the canal

zone they will not be interfered with. But naval officers will take care to acquaint Colombians with the American program.

Secretary Moody to morrow will issue an order directing flags on all ships in the navy and at all navy yards and stations be half mast Friday, the day of ex-Secretary Whitney's funeral. Moody has expressed a wish that every honor shall be paid to Whitney's memory.

The secretary of the interior gave hearing yesterday to representatives of citizens of Bismarck and Mandan, N. D., who want a \$50,000 Indian training school, authorized by congress in that vicinity. The decision of the department was reserved.

JUNE FOURTEENTH

The Date for the Democratic State Convention at Springfield Is Fixed.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—The Democratic committee decided to hold the state convention at Springfield June 14. Various presidential aspirants were considered. Hearst's friends claimed the poll of congressional district committeemen showed he would have a majority of the delegates to the national convention, asserting the Hearst was sure of twenty and conceding twelve to Congressman Williams. Adherents of Williams assert he will have a solid delegation from Illinois. M. F. Dunlap, manager for Hearst, admitted that twenty-two state committeemen were for Williams, nine for Hearst and three absent.

STORM BOUND TOWNS.

Detroit, Feb. 3.—Investigation of conditions in that part of the state north of Port Huron to Saginaw bay, comprising three counties, shows there are upward of 100,000 people storm bound in villages, towns and hamlets. Yesterday's northwest blizzard appears to have completely undone work of railroads in their attempt to open the district to traffic again. All towns north from Port Huron to Port Austin and Harbor Beach, except Bad Axe, report alarming shortage of fuel. Fortunately there is no lack of provisions reported.

ARRESTED FOR FORGERY.

Wausau, Wis., Feb. 3.—Several officers of the town of Hike Lake have been arrested on complaint of the president of the Wittenburg bank, R. W. Roberts, on charge of forgery. For several years, it is alleged, these officers have carried on a system of forgery by collecting money from different parties on illegally drawn town orders. Recently \$2,000 of these orders were sent to the Wittenburg bank for collection, when investigation showed them worthless. The bank sued the town for recovery, but Judge Silverthorn held that as the orders were forgeries the town was not liable and upon that declaration the arrests were made.

UNIVERSITY ATHLETICS.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 3.—The University of Illinois board of athletic control to Urbana to day adopted a graduate coaching system for foot ball. George Huff, athletic director, will be head coach and his assistants will be red Lowenthal, Langren Hall and Matthews, former Illinois stars.

THREE KILLED IN WRECK.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 3.—The Canadian Pacific express for Boston and Montreal over the Intercolonial railroad was wrecked to day by a broken rail at Milford. Three persons were killed and many others injured, some fatally. The only passenger positively known to be dead is Mrs. John Glassey, of Halifax.

LABOR WAR LIKELY.

Sioux City, Iowa, Feb. 3.—A meeting has been held by the Master Plumbers and Contractors, as the result of which it has been decided to hold open shop after March 1. This will initiate the bitterest labor war in the history of Sioux City, the building trades are well organized.

STARVED HIMSELF.

Carthage, Mo., Feb. 3.—J. G. Myers, a prominent farmer, died to day, having starved himself to death. He had not eaten a particle of food for forty-nine days. Myers was a spiritualist and said recently that his wife, who died some time ago, was urging him to come to her.

THE POSTAL TRIAL.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Shortly before adjournment to day counsel for the defense in the postal trial produced a note dated July 1, 1893, for \$25,000, drawn by George E. Lorenz in favor of August W. Machen. In the opening statement of the defense Mr. Kumlner, in behalf of Lorenz, said he would prove the existence of indebtedness of this amount on the part of Lorenz to Machen. Thesenote, he said, to day, was offered for this purpose and as explaining various remittances forwarded by Lorenz to Machen. A hundred or more notes aggregating over \$50,000 were identified by President S. D. Carr, of the National Bank of Commerce of Toledo, Ohio, as having been discounted by his bank on endorsement of Lorenz and his brother and Machen, the loans having been made to enable them to develop their oil properties in Wood county, Ohio. Carr further testified Machen had sold his interest to Lorenz, the bank thereafter accepting the single endorsement of George E. Lorenz.

CORN PRIZES FOR ILLINOIS

OFFERED FOR BEST EARS GROWN IN THE STATE.

St. Louis Fair Commission to Give \$500 to Farmers Who Can Produce the Finest Corn for Exhibition.

Decatur, Feb. 3.—The Illinois commission to the St. Louis exposition offers \$500 in cash for the best corn raised in the state, the prize to be awarded under the auspices of the state farmers' institute, which will hold its annual session in Decatur Feb. 27 and continue three days.

The premiums offered are on both white and yellow corn, raised in each of the three divisions of the state, northern, central and southern Illinois, as divided by the state board of agriculture, and are as follows:

For best 100 ears of white corn raised in southern Illinois, \$25, and four additional premiums of \$10 each for second, third, fourth and fifth best 100 ears of white corn.

For best 100 ears of yellowshrunnara in southern Illinois, \$25, and four additional premiums of \$10 each for second, third, fourth and fifth best 100 ears of yellow corn.

Duplicate premiums to the above are offered on white and yellow corn grown in central district.

Duplicate premiums are also offered to above on white and yellow corn grown in the northern district.

Gold medals for sweepstakes premiums will also be offered for the best 10 ears of corn grown within the state. Full information may be had by writing to W. B. Otwell, secretary, Carlinville, Ill. All corn for this contest must be in Decatur not later than Feb. 23.

WILL BE INDEPENDENT.

Pittsburg, Feb. 3.—The National Glass company of this city has issued a circular letter notifying the trade that hereafter factories controlled by it will be operated independently. This practically amounts to dissolution of the tabernacle combine formed a few years ago with a capital of \$5,000,000, which at first controlled twenty-one factories in various parts of the country.

NO ACTION TAKEN.

St. Louis, Feb. 3.—The subcommittee on arrangements of the Democratic national committee adjourned to day. No action in regard to the distribution of seats will be taken until the special committee has thoroughly examined into the seating arrangements at the Coliseum and reported to the full national committee.

SMALLPOX CLOSES SCHOOLS.

Bloomington, Feb. 3.—The public schools of Normal were not opened to day and will be closed for two weeks or longer if there is no relief in the smallpox situation. All public gatherings have been prohibited.

BLIZZARD HAS SUBSIDED.

Helena, Mont., Feb. 3.—The blizzard which raged for the past thirty hours in eastern Montana and western North Dakota has spent itself. As a result of the storm three section men near Kurtz were struck by a train, two killed and the third picked up by the pilot of the engine and carried twenty-five miles before the engineer knew about the accident.

SENATOR HANNA IMPROVING.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Senator Hanna was reported better to day. He passed a poor night, his temperature reaching 102 at one time. No callers are allowed to see him.

DEATHS.

Denver, Feb. 3.—William Arthur Hamill, for many years a recognized leader of the Republican party in Colorado, died to day of blood poisoning, aged 70.

NONUNION MINERS ON STRIKE.

Pittsburg, Feb. 3.—Fifteen hundred non-union coal miners employed at the Ellsworth coal company, Ellsworth, Pa., struck owing to a cut in wages.

TEN YEARS IN PRISON.

Cleveland, Feb. 3.—George A. Rose, late cashier of the Produce Exchange bank, who recently confessed embezzling \$157,000 of the bank's funds, was to day sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

It will be a pleasant surprise to persons who are subject to attacks of biliousness and sick headache to learn that prompt relief and a certain cure may be had by taking Re-Go Laxative Syrup. In many cases the attack may be wholly prevented by taking two doses of Re-Go as soon as the first symptoms of the trouble appear. Re-Go is a pleasant liquid medicine sold in 25c, 50c and \$1 bottles, and is an ideal tonic and laxative for delicate women and children. Sold by all druggists. Sold by Lee P. Abbott.

DOLLAR WHEAT. MINERS' STRIKE IS VERY LIKELY

The Cereal Reaches the High Mark on the Chicago Board of Trade—Armour in It.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Cash No. 2 red wheat sold on the Board of Trade to day at 11 a bushel, two car loads changing hands at that price. The wheat by bought by millers. Wheat has not sold so high in this market, either for spot or future delivery, since June, 1888, in which month the latter deal culminated. The high prices being paid at Chicago are the direct result of a big deal in May which being engineered by Armour. May wheat sold to day at the top price of the season, at 99c a bushel, a gain of 25c over yesterday's close. The advance was accompanied by active covering of shorts and much speculative excitement. Prices for corn, oats and provisions were also doing some lively climbing. May corn was up 3c, to 55c. May oats sold to 49c, a gain of 2c. The display of bullishness was said to be largely the result of buying by speculators, who have made big profits in cotton and have now transferred their dealing to the grain and provision markets.

NO MORE FIGHTS.

Detroit, Feb. 3.—As the result of a conference between Police Commissioner E. Fowle and Mayor Maybury to day it is expected announcement will be made very shortly that no more prize fights or boxing contests of any kind will hereafter be permitted in Detroit.

INDICATIONS.

Washington, Feb. 3.—For Illinois, Fair Thursday; Friday increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably snow in the north portion; fresh variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

BERLIN NEWS.

Berlin, Feb. 3.—A cablegram received here from the commander of the German garrison at Harare, says garrisons at Windhoek and Okavandja, German Southwest Africa, have been relieved. The latter place was taken by storm. Tribesmen killed and in most cases mutilated forty-four settlers, including women and children. Military losses were twenty-six and it is probable the death list has been increased to fifty by other casualties. On Jan. 25 the principal camp of the tribesmen was on Kaiser William mountain.

The American chamber of commerce of Berlin held its anniversary dinner at the Hotel Savoy to night and toasts were drunk to President Roosevelt and Emperor William.

DISCHARGED AND ARRESTED.

Peoria, Feb. 3.—Because the man whose name he was accused of forging could not be found to appear against him John H. Boynes was discharged in the police court here. At the same time, however, a warrant was served on him which was issued at the request of the sheriff of Sangamon county and which charges him with passing another forged check on George H. Bertrman, of Springfield.

Boyner presented a check for \$37.50 to H. Goldman, who cashed it for him about two weeks ago. The check was signed by William McCurley, of Jacksonville, and purported to be in payment for a quantity of walnut logs. The check was drawn out by the Jacksonville National bank, on which it was drawn, with the assertion it was fraudulent.

Goldman swore out a warrant for Boyner's arrest and he was captured in Lincoln. McCurley would not appear against him, although it was found that he had passed several similar checks in Peoria and in Springfield. The Sangamon county officials learning that he had been arrested asked that he be turned over to them after the Peoria police were through with him and hence his rearrest.

FIRE LOSSES.

Calra, Feb. 3.—Nearly the entire business section of Grand Chain, Ill., was destroyed by fire to day. Grand Chain is located north of Cairo and has 500 population.

MARRIED.

London, Feb. 3.—Thomas L. James, former postmaster general of the United States, was married to day to Edith, daughter of Alderman Colbourne, of Stratford-on-Avon.

RAYNOR FOR SENATOR.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 3.—Eighty-nine Democratic members of the Maryland legislature met in caucus to night and selected Isidor Raynor for the United States senatorship to succeed Senator McComas, the present incumbent. At noon to morrow Raynor will be formally elected. Raynor is a well known Baltimore lawyer, who achieved international reputation as leading counsel for Admiral Dewey during the court of inquiry.

LEFT THE TRACK.

Halifax, Feb. 3.—One dead, three fatally, twenty-five seriously injured, is the result of the wreck of the Intercolonial express train, five cars of which left the rails at Hunter's crossing, 10 miles west of this city and plunged down a 30-foot embankment into the St. Lawrence river.

MINERS' STRIKE IS VERY LIKELY

SCALE CONFERENCE UNABLE TO REACH A SETTLEMENT.

Both Miners and Operators Assume Positions From Which They Will Not Budge—Another Meeting Feb. 15.

Indianapolis, Feb. 3.—A meeting of operators and miners joint conference to day was called in order the point scale committee might report its progress and ask for additional instructions. After reading of the scale committee's report F. L. Roberts, leader of the operators, moved adjournment after appointing a committee of one operator and one miner from each state to fix a date for the next meeting of the joint conference. The motion was seconded by President Mitchell, who expressed hope an agreement will be reached. The following committee was appointed: Operators, H. N. Taylor, Illinois; J. C. Kelsen, Indiana; J. W. Winder, Ohio; E. L. Robinson, Pennsylvania. Miners, Thomas J. Reynolds, Illinois; George Hartgrove, Indiana; W. H. Haskins, Ohio; J. Dolan, Pennsylvania.

This joint committee will meet Feb. 15 to arrange for another meeting of the joint conference.

There was great excitement among the delegates to day when it was seen the moment for declaration of disagreement had arrived. The scale committee reported of the present wage scale as their ultimatum, operators insisting for nothing less than the 100 scale as their ultimatum, which is equivalent to a reduction of 12 per cent in wages, which it is claimed would be satisfactory to them. The possibility of final disagreement and suspension of work is the topic of conversation among miners and operators. Leaders on both sides refuse to go into discussion of the general effect of suspension of operation on April 1.

"All I will say at this time," said W. D. Ryan, secretary-treasurer of the Illinois miners, and chairman of the joint scale committee, "is that suspension in the coal fields would be a national calamity and if continued for any length of time would, in comparison of effects, dwarf the anthracite strike into insignificance. Every effort should be made to prevent it."

W. S. Bogie, the Indiana operator, said: "The country will have almost sixty days in which to prepare for suspension, if it comes. Other districts produce a great deal of coal and I do not think suspension in April would be a great inconvenience." The miners have \$1,000,000 in their national treasury. This Illinois miners have \$300,000 in their own treasury and other states have enough more to raise it to \$1,000,000, making \$2,000,000 cash available for any emergency. The strike assessment on paying membership of the organization, about 300,000, has just been increased so that it will bring in approximately \$75,000 this month and in March.

HANNA'S ILLNESS

Washington, Feb. 3.—Senator Hanna had a set back late this afternoon which for a time considerably alarmed his family, who had been encouraged to hope he was getting to be himself again, but a congestive attack which they feared was averted to some extent by prompt action, occurred, and to night the senator, while not so well as early in the day, showed excellent rallying power and improvement over his condition at sundown. Dr. Bixey, the attending physician, called in Dr. Magruder and when the left the Hanna home at 9 o'clock the senator was sleeping soundly and physicians said they did not expect to return again until to morrow morning. At that time the senator's pulse was 76, his normal pulse being 72; temperature 100, or 1.6-1.8 above normal.

BODY FOUND.

Laverne, Minn., Feb. 3.—The body of Martin Enger, a farmer of Rose Dell township, missing since Jan. 23, was found to day partly buried in the ashes of a straw pile a few miles south of Jasper. Indications are he was murdered and an attempt made to destroy the evidence of the crime by cremating the body. His watch and a considerable sum of money is missing. No clew.

NEWS ITEMS.

The National Brickmakers' association yesterday elected W. S. Purpington, of Galesburg, Ill., president.

Edward A. Lord, one of the pioneers members of the Chicago Board of Trade, died Wednesday of heart failure.

Miss Rose McHugh, aged 105, is dead at New London, Wis. She resided in Wisconsin since 1851.

The business portion of Grand Chain, Ill., was burned yesterday. The loss exceeds \$50,000. The fire started in a hotel and destroyed eighteen buildings.

At of Springs last night Benny Yanger of Chicago, bested Jack Frazer of Portland, Me., in the fifth round of what was to have been a twenty round go. Yanger's seconds threw up the sponge.

GIVES THE DETAILS. ACTIVE WAR MEASURES

The President Sends to Congress the Correspondence Bearing Upon the Landing of Marines in Colombia.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The president sent to the senate to day a mass of correspondence in response to Senator Gorman's resolution calling for dates and circumstances under which the United States used military force in the internal affairs of Colombia. The circumstances under which forces were landed are given by the president in detail, but orders by the war and navy departments concerning the internal workings of such departments are withheld, on the ground disclosures of such confidential nature would be incompatible with public interest.

As a preface to the correspondence Acting Secretary of State Loomis wrote a letter, in which he says all correspondence on record in the department of state is given and that from this it appears that since 1856 United States forces have been landed on the isthmus of Panama ten times. The landing made in September, 1892, was the only one made without the actual request from the government of the isthmus. The secretary in regard to this says: "Forces were landed to keep open transit, the government of the state being duly notified."

The secretary also sends a number of documents showing the United States has been asked several times by the government of Colombia to execute by armed force the guaranty of neutrality of the isthmus or sovereignty of New Granada, or of Colombia, and dates and circumstances of such requests are given. The correspondence further shows "forces of the United States were never employed in the internal affairs of New Granada or Colombia otherwise than to protect the United States property and maintain order and freedom of transit on the isthmus territory under provisions of the treaty of 1846."

The correspondence concerning the landing of marines on the isthmus sent in by Secretary Moody make more than 1,000 typewritten pages and cover the period of 1887 to date.

MISS GRIFFIN'S STORY.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 3.—Katherine Griffin of this city said to day that she visited friends in Bedford several weeks this winter. While there she says she became acquainted with Miss Schaefer, the murder of school teacher, and also with a man who, she says, she did not like. "The day of the murder," she says, "this man and I were together and he grew angry at my refusal to accompany him and we parted. The night of the murder I was at one end of the hallway in which Miss Schaefer's body was found. It must have been shortly before the crime was committed. I discovered a man was following me. I succeeded in eluding him and he walked up the alley toward the spot where Miss Schaefer was murdered." When she heard of the murder of Miss Schaefer the next day she immediately returned to Lafayette. Miss Schaefer in many respects resembled Miss Griffin and the latter believes the man who was following her was the murderer. The Bedford authorities are deeply impressed with the story and have sent detectives here to question Miss Griffin.

IN A BAD WAY.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Mail advices from authentic sources indicate a terrifying state of affairs recently in Hayti. During the absence of President Nord from Port au Prince, one letter says, an attempt was made by a faction to get control of the city so as to force the liberation and pardon of a number of persons implicated in a bank scandal. The military governor of the city broke into a house where number of leaders of the movement had assembled and killed five. One escaped, but in doing so broke a leg. The authorities arrested his wife and he sent word if they released her he would return. He did so and the authorities finding him in bed unable to move killed him by firing thirteen bullets into his body. Foreign residents became alarmed and the German admiral informed the authorities if their action did not cease he would land marines and take possession of the city. This stopped further proceedings. Nearly all the legations are full of refugees and troops have been stationed about them.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

New York, Feb. 3.—Ethel Root, was the guest of honor of the Union League club at dinner to night. Speaking of President Roosevelt he declared he is the "greatest conservative force for the protection of property and of our institutions in the city of Washington. There is a better way of protecting property, capital and great enterprises than by buying legislators; here is a better way of dealing with labor and keeping it from running tumult and resistless riot than by starving it or by buying or corrupting its leaders." He said he could give specific instances where the president has "stood between rash men in congress who greatly desired the passage of extreme and violent measures through congress, and has stopped them by his strong and unswerving declaration: 'I will vote your bill if you can get it passed.'"

ACTIVE WAR MEASURES

BEING TAKEN BY JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

Japan Very Impatient and Irritated by Russian Delay—The Feeling Growing That War Is Inevitable.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—The Seoul-Pusan railroad has been occupied by Japanese troops, according to a dispatch from Vladivostok, which adds Japanese have taken field guns to Seoul for protection of their legation and that they are building barracks for accommodation of cavalry.

Port Arthur, Feb. 3. In response to Japanese war measures important naval and military movements have been effected here. The Russian squadron herebefore inside the harbor, consisting of five battleships and two cruisers, has joined the outside fleet, composed of three battleships, five cruisers and one torpedo submarine. The cruiser Bowaran has just arrived from Chemulpo, Corea, with complete Japanese charts of the Korean coast. In consequence of narrow and dangerous entrance at low water mark it took warships three days to get out of their harbor. Three war vessels remain in the harbor.

The third brigade of Siberian rifles and two batteries of artillery have started for an unannounced destination from Liao Yang, south of Mukden. Altogether about 5,000 troops departed, leaving 10,000 men at Port Arthur, exclusive of troops manning fortifications. Arrivals of Japanese coal has been stopped.

In consequence of military authorities monopolizing use of the railroad the latter has declined to transport any more commercial freight. The telegraph company has declined to accept any more press or private messages, so they will have to be routed via Chefoo.

Forty-eight hours quarantine has been ordered against Chefoo on account of smallpox.

Authorities declare naval and military dispositions should be regarded as precautionary, not as offensive.

London, Feb. 3. \$30 p. m.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram company from St. Petersburg, dated yesterday, and forwarded by the war frontier, says the Russian general staff has given Viceroy Alexieff authority to declare war and open hostilities on his own responsibility if circumstances render it necessary. The dispatch adds war is expected if the Japanese government does not accept conditions proposed in the Russian response, which, it is asserted, will be Russia's last word.

Tokio, Feb. 3.—Events to day indicate prolonged tension has reached a climax. Marquis Ito was summoned from the country during the night and to day the emperor received him and a council of elder statesmen was held with the war minister and three admirals. Highest of official rank no concealment of the Russian reply. An unofficial dispatch yesterday said the Russian decision means war.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—The Associated Press is semi-officially assured the Russian response to Japan will not be sent before Feb. 6 at the earliest. Tension is unquestionably increasing, but beyond decided Russian military activity there is little definite news.

A BANQUET.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Roosevelt, Gen. John C. Black, commander in chief of the Grand Army, Secretary Taft, General Miles and other well known officials were guests of honor at a banquet to night to the department of the Potomac of the Grand Army. After a patriotic speech by Gen. Black, the president spoke for half an hour. He paid a tribute to the Grand Army and its work and in a general way spoke of the duties of citizenship and of lessons taught by the civil war.

STRIKES.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—A general strike of 602,000 employees of the American Car company was decided upon at a meeting to night. The strike will be inaugurated to morrow. A cut in wages is the cause.

Menasha, Wis., Feb. 3.—The plant of the Menasha Woodware company, the largest factory of the kind in the world, was closed by a strike following a cut in the pay of the paid foremen to day. Nearly 1,000 men are involved.

W. A. HAMILL DEAD.

Denver, Feb. 3.—William Arthur Hamill, for many years a recognized leader of the Republican party in Colorado, died to day of blood poisoning, aged 70 years.

BANK CASHIER ARRESTED.

Altamont, Mo., Feb. 3.—Lee DeFord, cashier of the bank of Altamont was arrested at Council Bluffs, Ia., yesterday afternoon charged with the embezzlement of \$24,000 of the bank's funds.

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NOTICE.

The weekly drawing at Groves' Grocery Saturday was largely attended. Mr. William Wayman, the holder of the lucky number, received a beautiful hand decorated dinner set of forty-seven pieces. We are always on the lookout for new cash customers and believe the wide-awake purchasing public will not be slow to appreciate the fact that this great distribution of Dinner Sets is an exceptionally strong bid for increased trade.

Call at our store at your earliest convenience that we may explain our plan to you. Drawing hereafter will be on Wednesday.

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WEST MORGAN STREET.

THE CRISIS

Japan Paper Gives an Eastern View of Pending Controversy.

R. A. Gates has received a copy of the Japan Gazette published at Yokohama containing an article with reference to the Japanese-Russian controversy. The article is headed "The Crisis" and is of special interest, coming from a Japanese source. The paper says:

"Despite peaceful messages from Europe, careful observers in Tokyo can easily grasp the fact that the war clouds are steadily gathering, declares the Kokumin. The real aspect of the situation compels the nation to be as one man in dealing with the vital difficulty now before the country. In another column the Tokyo journal asserts that Russia's rejoinder to Japan's last propositions is unsatisfactory, and that as to which way the affairs turn out there can be no two opinions.

"The Nichi Nichi says that Russia's rejoinder was received on the 6th inst. but that there is no doubt that Russia is still procrastinating and has not come to her real decision. The unnecessary delay and consequent protraction of the war parlors are apt to invite misunderstandings on the part of third powers and the Japanese government should now take rigid steps, leaving no room for further divagation. The moderation and fairness of the Japanese claims concerning Manchuria and Korea are widely recognized by Europe and America, including probably even Russia. Should the circumstances lead to a rupture eventually the powers cannot fail to see with which side the responsibility of disturbing the peace rests.

"The Jiji, which has apparently not received any authentic inkling of the latest reply, complains of the persistent reticence in Tokyo, in face of the constant leaking out of so-called semi-official information from Europe. The Tokyo journal strongly disavours further delay and objects to the reported transfer of the negotiations to St. Petersburg. The Jiji wants now to hear "aye" or "no" from Russia as regards the Japanese final overtures and suggests that such answer will be exacted under the shortest period possible.

"The Asahi alleges that Russia's rejoinder, received on the 6th inst., does not encourage the change, anyway, of Japan's original programme. Certain concessions shown by Russia are not so important and seem to have been designed to prevent Japan from refusing to continue the negotiations.

"In view of the protracted delay the Chugai Shogyo cautions against the relaxation of Japan's determination.

"While refraining from quoting smaller journals we may refer to the Nippon Yomiuri, which may be taken as mouth-pieces of chauvinistic sections. The former regrets that the government has already lost an opportunity of resorting to final means, and urges that even at the eleventh hour a great blow should be given to the northern power, which cannot be materially stronger than China in 1894, but yet has constantly insulted this empire. The Yomiuri blames the Katsura cabinet for allowing the transfer of the main scene of the controversy to Korea from Manchuria. However on the ground that the cabinet ministers are alike Japanese people, it attributes the unsatisfactory change of the situation to the lack of determination on the part of the country at large. The Tokyo journal which does not indicate but incite, goes on to urge the universal prevalence of the stalwart foreign policy idea and declares that such a ministry as (that existing must no longer survive. We may assure the Yomiuri that the Katsura cabinet, which has recently received a special mandate from the throne to dispose of the pending muddle by every means will not so easily abandon its office.

"As briefly noticed in our last issue we have every reason to state that Russia's last rejoinder to the Japanese proposition remains unsatisfactory, especially regarding Korea. Russia may still endeavor to continue the 'excursions and alarms,' but the best informed circles in Tokyo now think that the diplomatic ropes are parting, in view of Russia's palpable insincerity in conducting the negotiations. Perhaps it may be well to hope for peace until the first shot is fired, but there is nothing more dangerous than the presumption that Japan will be satisfied with a temporizing peace. In this context a Tokyo correspondent of ours observes that the recent Russo-Japanese deal undoubtedly lacked common ground. The continuance of so-called friendly negotiations is apparently futile.

"The Tokyo journals probably with one or two exceptions are not informed of the exact character of the Russo-Japan Rejoinder, but, of course the Yomiuri and Nippon of the yellow variety know everything that passed and this morning published detailed accounts. "The Neve Vremya of the 12th December, which contained an extraordinary article on the situation, is now translated by some Tokyo papers. The St. Petersburg journal declares that as to the fact that the Russo-Japanese negotiations cannot mainly refer to Manchuria, there is no variety of opinions. Manchuria is a part of the Chinese empire and the matter ought to be settled by Russia and China alone. Russia's aim in negotiating with Japan re Manchuria is to secure the tangible situation that Manchuria is absolutely beyond Japan's sphere of influence, and in the three provinces Japan has nothing to entertain other than commercial and economical relations. The chief bone of contention is no doubt Korea. Russia's present hold in north Korea is insufficient to ensure her prestige and she must secure suitable means in south Korea for the proper protection of the Russian communications between Vladivostok and Port Arthur."

WILL CONTEST.

Estate of W. H. Yates of Pike County to Be Settled in the Supreme Court.

A case involving an estate of \$100,000 has been taken to the supreme court. The case is that of Jefferson Orr of Pittsfield against Mary Maria Yates and involves the will of W. H. Yates of Griggsville, who died in September, 1902, leaving a large estate.

By the terms of his will he devised that half of his personal property, which was valued at \$30,000, go to his wife Lydia Yates, and the other half to his daughter, Mary Maria Yates. Two farms near Barry, valued at \$20,000 he bequeathed in trust to his wife for her life, and at her death to her daughter, and in the event of the death of the daughter without issue the property was to revert to the brothers and sisters of the deceased. The remaining farm, which was known as the Putz farm, and which is located near Griggsville, and is valued at \$50,000, he devised in trust for the raising of a fund for the support of his daughter, Mary Maria, now fifteen years of age, as long as she shall live. If she die without leaving any children the farm shall be held in trust for the widow and in the event of her death it shall revert to the brothers and sisters of the deceased.

The will named Judge Orr as the trustee and also as the executor of the will.

A bill was filed in the Pike county circuit court by the widow for herself and for her daughter to set aside the trust of the Putz farm and to set aside the revision of the property to the brothers and sisters. Judge Harry Higbee in the Pike county circuit court in December last, decided that the trust was void because it contained no time for accounting to be made by the trustee, and the trustee appealed the case to the supreme court.

Hon. Edward Yates, of Pittsfield, brother of the deceased took a separate appeal and yesterday a motion was made to consolidate the cases. This will be allowed to day. Friday, Feb. 12, has been set as the time for hearing arguments in the case. Judge Orr is represented by former Supreme Judge J. N. Carter, of Quincy, and Wm. Mumford and L. E. Graham, of Pittsfield, and Mrs. Yates by Col. A. C. Matthews, Hon. A. G. Crawford and Ray Anderson, of Pittsfield and W. L. Vandeventer, of Quincy.

MUSIC AT THE FAIR.

Experts From All Parts of the World Will Help With the Program.

Some of the most famous organists of the world have been engaged for recitals in the splendid series which has been planned for the world's fair of 1904. The place of these exceptional entertainments is Festival hall, the big auditorium which occupies the center of the focal composition of the exposition, the Terrace of States. The auditorium seats 4,000 persons in parquet and balcony. Particular attention has been paid to the acoustics of the structure, by the architect who designed the interior. Mr. E. L. Masqueray, chief of design of the exposition. Special attention was also paid in the interior design which was the work of Cass Gilbert, of New York and St. Paul, to the purpose for which the structure was to be used. All the sculptural decoration relates to music.

The organ to be used in the recitals is the largest and most perfect on earth. It has twelve more stops than the next largest organ, that in the town hall at Sydney, Australia. Electrical power supplies the wind and a movable console or key desk enables the organist to come close to his audience at the front of the stage. This is highly important where he organist plays in conjunction with an orchestra or a chorus, as he is enabled to work in close connection with the director.

The organ recitals provided for by the bureau of music extend through the entire seven months of the exposition. The great instrument will be dedicated at the opening of the exposition by Chas. Galway, of St. Louis, the official organist, who will do all the service playing for the exposition and will take the place of any organist who fails, for any cause, to keep his appointment. The complete list of the organists selected for the recitals is as follows:

WHITAKER WRIGHT AND HIS METHODS

British Financial Promoter Denied They Were Unlawful.

CLASSIFIED HIMSELF WITH MORGAN.

Famous Swindler Was Proud of Being in the Same Rank With Noted American Financiers—What He Thought of Our Great Industrial Combinations—His American Counsel's View of His Conviction.

"What happened to me might happen any day to the men who stand at the head of any of the great American industrial combinations," said the late Whitaker Wright, the British promoter and financier, to James Crockett last March, at the time of his arrest in New York, says the New York World. "Take the United States Steel corporation, with its hundreds of millions of stock. Suppose that the greatest enterprise in the world should fail and its stock shrink \$500,000,000 in value. Would the people who lost their money then have J. Pierpont Morgan arrested? Would he be to blame because they bought watered stock at more than it was worth?"

"It is fortunate for directors of American trusts that they are not under the companies laws of England. You could not float your industrial in London. It would be impossible to organize companies there on the lines followed in America. The laws would prevent it. There is no difference between what I did in England and what your industrial companies are doing in America."

Of all "get rich quick" swindlers that have brought disaster to thousands Whitaker Wright was easily the greatest of his kind. He always denied that his methods were unlawful and prided himself on being in the same class as J. Pierpont Morgan and Charles M. Schwab as a financial promoter.

He was born in Cheshire, England, in 1846. His parents, who were in comfortable circumstances, gave him a good education, and he qualified as an expert mining engineer and showed special aptitude as a chemist. In 1867, after his father's death, he came to America and was employed in mines in the west as an assayer. He removed to New York in 1889 with a fortune obtained as a mining prospector.

He returned to England in 1880 and conducted financial operations on such a vast scale as to earn for him the reputation of a Monte-Christo. His lavish expenditures dazzled the British public, and he was regarded for a time as the greatest financial genius of the age. He organized company after company. He formed the London and Globe Finance corporation, limited, to take over the various securities of mining corporations in which he was interested. In December, 1900, this corporation failed and carried ruin to many homes in Great Britain and crippled several prominent business houses. Many members of the London stock exchange were ruined by the failure. Thirteen banking and brokerage firms failed as a result of the collapse of his company.

Wright came to America again in March, 1903, and on March 14 was arrested as he was leaving the boat. He had booked as M. Andreoni. The arrest was made on a criminal charge in connection with the conduct of the London and Globe Finance corporation, limited. Extradition proceedings resulted in his starting back to England in the custody of two English detectives.

"I am very deeply shocked by the tragic death following so closely his conviction," said Samuel Undermyer, who was his counsel during his fight against extradition, "and I cannot help thinking him entirely a victim of misfortune. His conviction under the circumstances is a good illustration of the difference in the criminal law of Great Britain and the United States. England and Germany hold those responsible for the conduct of corporations to a much stricter accountability than we do."

"Mr. Wright would not have been convicted in America. Many men who now hold their heads high in the financial district of this city (New York) would be public stricken if the same laws that govern finance in Great Britain were suddenly to apply here. If such laws did obtain, investors here would be much safer."

Cheap Sleeping Quarters.
"A new graft has been discovered in Sedalia, Mo.," says one of the papers of that place. "Every night for some time past the men's waiting room at the Missouri Pacific station has been crowded with men sleeping in the seats. When asked their business there by station attendants they invariably returned tickets to some nearby town and said that they were waiting for trains. A few days ago about fifty of these regular boarders applied at the ticket office to have the tickets redeemed. The agent then got next to the fact that the tickets were purchased for the sole purpose of bunking in a warm room."—Kansas City Journal.

Marriage Offers to a Centenarian.
Hiram Cronk of Dunbrook, near Utica, N. Y., said to be the last survivor of the war of 1812, will be 104 years old on April 29. Mr. Cronk recently had his pension increased, and since then he has had six offers of marriage from women from twenty-one to fifty years of age. A bill has been introduced by Assemblyman Evans to give Cronk a pension from the state of \$72 a month.

694 Cremo

5¢ CIGARS

Sold Every Minute

41,640 every hour, 1,000,000 every day. The largest selling brand of cigars in the world. You owe it to yourself to find out why so many people smoke the Cremo. 5 cents invested in a Cremo will explain it. Sold in every store, in every town, in every State.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

In the programmes of "Merely Mary Ann," now at the Garden theater, New York, a canary bird is named in the caste.

A dramatic adaptation of Kipling's "Story of the Gadsbys" has been successfully tried in one of the west end London theaters.

Comyns Carr is the author of the English version of "La Chetelaine," which Sir Charles Wyndham will produce in his New theater, London.

When Mrs. Patrick Campbell returns to the London stage she will appear in "Phedre" in a translation which has been made for her by John Davidson.

"The County Gentleman" is prospering at Wadock's theater, New York, and the probability is that he will hold the boards there until spring, if not longer.

Miss Winifred Arthur Jones, daughter of Henry Arthur Jones, has been playing Julia Wren in her father's comedy, "The Whittewashing of Julia," in one of the theaters of outer London.

Cecil Raleigh, the ingenious artificer of Drury Lane (London) melodramas, is writing a play for George Alexander, who will produce it at the London St. James theater. The author describes the piece as "a metaphysical romance."

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

The marble exchange of Knoxville, Tenn., will make a complete exhibit of the marble industry of the state.

A centrifugal pump to be exhibited has been constructed which is capable of delivering about 500 gallons of water each minute.

Six hundred paintings have been selected by a jury for the French art exhibit at the world's fair. Two thousand paintings were submitted.

The United States Steel corporation will make an exhibit that will cover two acres of floor space in the Palace of Mines and Metallurgy. It will cover every branch of the industry.

The big organ that is to be at the fair, it is said, will be capable of producing 17,179,863 distinct tonal effects, a continuous performance that would last 82,000 years if a different one of these combinations were drawn every minute.

EDITORIAL FLINGS.

Coal is lower! P. S.—In the bin.—Indianapolis News.

The leaning tower of Bologna, built nearly 800 years ago, has been sold for \$2,000. Leaning towers are evidently falling rapidly.—Indianapolis Journal.

There is some doubt as to whether the marriage of a prominent Boer to an English lady ought to be regarded as a cessation or a resumption of hostilities.—Washington Star.

An allusion to a kiss poeess' book of verses, the Authors' club of that city is now shaken from center to circumference.—New York Mail and Express.

It is consoling for the rest of us to learn by "the latest accurate estimate" that there are only about 7,000 millionaires in the United States, and only 1,000 of these live in New York.—Waterbury American.

ENGLISH ETCHINGS.

A London journal declares that dancing is becoming a lost art in England. London slaughters 25,000 horses every year and receives 10,000 others from elsewhere.

As a result of the frequency of street robberies one of the largest banks in London has decided to arm all its messengers with revolvers.

The use of sea water for flushing streets and sewers in English towns has been abandoned because the salt dust damaged the goods of merchants, the paint on carriages and corroded plumbing.

A poor woman who recently applied to the London authorities for relief said she lived by making blouses, or shirt waists, at 36 cents a dozen. Think of it! Hood's slave of the shirt was nothing to that.

READ THE JOURNAL, 10c WEEK.

Economical Trip to CALIFORNIA

You will be surprised to learn for how little money and how comfortably the California tour may be made.

Join one of the **SANTA FE** personally escorted excursions in Pullman tourist sleepers.

Chicago and Kansas City to Southern California and San Francisco

The way is through Southwest Land of Enchantment over the old Santa Fe trail.

May we send you our Tourist Sleeper pamphlet?

A. ANDREWS, Gen. Agt. A.T. & S.F. Ry.
108 N. Fourth St. St. Louis, Mo.

Please Send Me "California in a Tourist Sleeper"

Name.....
Street No.....
City and State.....

JOIN THE KU-BO CLUB

Composed of Healthy, Good Looking People

If you are not in prime condition we would advise you to begin at once taking KU-BO TABLETS. They will in short order strengthen, beautify and cure you. Nothing known to equal KU-BO for the cure of all diseases of the Blood, Nerves and Stomach, Kidney and Bladder troubles. They tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new person. After taking one or two boxes of KU-BO TABLETS you will be a fit subject to join the KU-BO CLUB. KU-BO goes right to the spot and effects a quick cure. KU-BO contains no alcohol, at the same time it is a great stimulant. It contains no poisons, Drugs or Opium. It is made and sold upon honor, and should you derive no benefit from its use, we will refund your money.

Sold by **ARMSTRONG & ARMSTRONG**,
Druggists.
or sent by mail upon receipt of \$1.00
SEND FOR LIBERAL TRIAL PACKAGE TO
KRUPP REMEDY CO. Chicago, Ill.

ARE YOU SORE? USE

Paracamph

Relieves Instantly or Money Refunded.

SORE FEET, BUNIONS.

Prevents Swelling, Allays Inflammation. It Cools. It Soothes. It Cures.

Sold only in 25c, 50c. & \$1.00 Bottles. At all good Druggists.

NOTHING EQUALS CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

Dr. P. B. Spears, of Pinchard, Ala., has become acquainted with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and uses it in his own family and in his practice. He says: "It beats any preparation I have ever seen for all bowel complaints. I do not think of recommending any other, and also use it with my own children."

This remedy is for sale by all leading druggists.

PERFECT CONFIDENCE.

Where there used to be a feeling of "uncasiness" and worry in the household when a child showed symptoms of croup, there is now perfect confidence. This is owing to the uniform success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the treatment of that disease. Mrs. M. I. Basford of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of her experience in the use of the remedy says: "I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success. My child Garland is subject to severe attacks of croup and it always gives him profound relief." For sale by all leading druggists.

DAILY JOURNAL, 10c PER WEEK.

JACKSONVILLE TIME CARD

Time of departure of trains:

GOING NORTH.
C. P. & St. L.—
Peoria, daily 7:50 am
Chicago, ex. Sunday 8:40 am
Chicago, ex. Sunday 11:00 am
C. & A.—
Chicago-Peoria 8:00 am
Chicago-Peoria 11:15 am
Chicago-Peoria 11:45 am
For Chicago 1:58 am

SOUTH AND WEST.
J. & St. L.—
For St. Louis 7:05 am
For St. Louis 8:30 pm
C. & A.—
For Kansas City 10:05 am
For Kansas City and St. Louis 11:47 am
For Kansas City 5:43 am
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday 7:20 am
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday 4:05 pm
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday 5:52 pm
GOING WEST.
Wabash—
For Hannibal, Quincy and Kansas City 7:04 am
City 6:59 pm
Decatur Accommodation 10:10 am
Kansas City Mall 1:43 pm

GOING EAST.
Wabash—
For Toledo 8:37 am
For Toledo 8:54 pm
Decatur Accommodation 10:10 am
Buffalo mail 1:20 am
Time of arrival of trains:

FROM NORTH.
C. P. & St. L., daily 10:55 am
C. P. & St. L., daily 7:05 pm
C. P. & St. L., ex. Sunday 9:45 am
FROM SOUTH.
J. & St. L. 11:00 am
J. & St. L. 8:00 pm
C. & A., ex. Sunday 11:40 am
C. & A., ex. Sunday 8:10 pm

THE NEW

Illinois Millinery House

Corner East State Street and square, will open on or about March 1st.

J. HERMAN, Prop

For Breakfast:

Ferndell
Pancake Flour

Ferndell
Buckwheat Flour

Purina
Pancake Flour

Pure Old Fashioned
Buckwheat Flour

Ferndell
Pure Maple Syrup

AT

E.C. Lambert's

233 West State St.

FRANK J. HEINL

Loans & Real Estate

FARMS AND CITY PROPERTY

Money to Loan

FIRE INSURANCE

19 Morrison Block

CLARENCE W. BUCKINGHAM

Architect.

Tel., Bell, Main 1376.

Room 1, Opera House Block.

City and County

Jeffries concert to night.
J. W. Johnson, of Arcadia, was a city visitor yesterday.

Jesse Landers was in Winchester on business Wednesday.

E. W. Green went to St. Louis yesterday for a brief visit.

Ask your grocer about the WHITE LILY guessing contest.

F. J. Andrews is spending a few days with relatives in Canton.

Wm. Buchanan, of Pisgah, was in the city on business Wednesday.

Miss Myrtle Mann, of Virginia, was shopping in the city yesterday.

Mrs. A. A. Franklin has returned from a two weeks' visit in Chicago.

Hon. W. H. Hendrichsen, of Alexander, was transacting business in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Thos. Mehan, of Bluffs, was attending to some purchases in the city yesterday.

Chas. Paul assisted in representing the capital of Cass county in the city yesterday.

Wm. Waggoner, from the east part of the county, was transacting business in the city yesterday.

Geo. Moeller, of Decatur, was down this way yesterday visiting the family of Mrs. M. P. Ayers.

Miss Ada Slaughter, who recently underwent a severe operation at Passavant hospital, is slowly improving.

Original alligrettes at Vickery & McRiggan's.

Henry Oakes, of Bluffs, transacted business in the city Wednesday.

B. L. Clark, of Whitehall, was a business visitor in the city Wednesday.

Orrin Ham, of Concord, was a Wednesday business visitor in the city.

William Foster, of Alexander, spent Wednesday in the city on business.

Mr. Stevens, of Arcadia neighborhood, was trading in Jacksonville yesterday.

Geo. Kimber, of Waverly, was in the city Wednesday on business interests.

BALED HAY, straw, corn, and oats at BROOK MILL, Tel. 240.

John Munroe, of Crackers Bend neighborhood, spent yesterday in the city on business.

John Christy, of Upper Alton, spent Wednesday in Jacksonville on business interests.

Dr. J. C. McElmery was in Franklin and Pisgah on professional business Wednesday.

Geo. Huffaker, the cattle dealer of Island Grove, was in the city on business yesterday.

A. A. Curry, James Hall and Wm. Masters, of Pisgah, spent Wednesday in the city on business.

See Hopper & Son's ad.

Mr. Lott, one of the proprietors of the Dunlap hotel, left for Flint, Mich. for a brief visit Wednesday night.

The many friends of Supt. F. A. Johnson will be gratified to learn that his condition is gradually improving.

John L. Johnson, of the wide-awake firm of Johnson, Hackett & Guthrie, made a business trip to Virginia yesterday.

Wm. Florenz is in Chicago buying goods for the Blackburn-Florenz Dry Goods Co. in anticipation of a good spring trade.

Harry Murray has opened a news stand in the corner room of the opera house building. He will handle all the leading papers.

Mrs. Emma Ramenofski has returned to her home in La Salle after a visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Cohen.

Chas. Hopper, head of the popular south side shoe store, interviewed a number of business friends and acquaintances in Peoria yesterday.

Mrs. Wm. Layman was down from Springfield yesterday visiting her mother, Mrs. Lewis, of this city. She expected to return in the evening.

Col. W. J. Wyatt, of Franklin, was looking after business matters in the city yesterday. He is yet quite hearty for one of his advanced age.

Harry S. Christy has gone to Hot Springs for three weeks visit and will visit Albuquerque, New Mexico, for several weeks before his return.

Mrs. Emma Smith has ended a visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Widmayer, and has gone to Guthrie, O. T. Mr. Smith met her in St. Louis.

C. H. Fitzgerald, of St. Louis, traveling passenger agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad was in the city on business with local railroad men yesterday.

Miss Lottie Billendeaux, of Chicago, arrived in the city Tuesday night and will make her home in this city with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. LaRocheaux.

Order WHITE LILY FLOUR from your grocer and you may get a set of dishes.

James B. Beckman was in Jacksonville Wednesday on his way home to Pisgah, after having served thirty-one days on the United States penitentiary in Springfield.

Henry Hale, a section foreman on the C. B. & Q. who has been located at Chappa, has moved his family here and will be section foreman on the Jacksonville & Concord road.

J. G. Rexroat, of Virginia, was calling on friends and relatives in the city yesterday. He expects to start at once for his new field of labor in Texas.

L. Frank is in Springfield attending the Masonic school of instruction. Mr. Frank is one of the active young members of the order in this city and stands well among his brethren.

W. L. Simpson, C. P. Ross, D. B. Hutchinson and A. M. Hollowell and T. P. Carter masters of Jacksonville and Harmony masonic lodges will leave for Springfield this afternoon to attend the Masonic school of instruction in session there.

BRAN, shorts and all kinds of ground feed at the BROOK MILL.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Fish have returned from a wedding journey which included visits in Chicago, Dayton, Bloomington and Springfield and are now at home at 800 East College avenue.

J. H. Scott and wife from the county were trading in the city yesterday. Mr. Scott has the distinction of being a nephew of the Journal's esteemed friend Deacon S. C. Brockman, of Trade Palace, and bears his honors meekly as could be expected and is a gentleman of energy and good standing in the neighborhood where he resides.

Corn, oats, hay and straw in any quantity, Harrigan Bros., No. 9, either 'phone.

A light fall of snow yesterday morning made people anticipate another bit of sleighing but the "beautiful" soon gave out leaving hardly half an inch of feathery substance on the ground. It sprinkled plentifully the pupils of the seventh grade third ward, on their way back after a regular visit to the high school building and many rosy cheeks were the result of the long walk in the brisk air.

C. W. Mathews has returned from Springfield where he has been serving his country; not as he did when he so bravely took the part of a soldier for three years during the civil war. This time he was safely housed and comfortably fed and as he has been to Springfield several times before he has made a number of friends there who are always glad to see him, and as he was acting as a juror in the United States court he had plenty to do.

Band concert to night.

Shoe Sale continued at Hoffman Bros.

China Department

READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION

The Big Store JACKSONVILLE

We didn't pass a pretty pattern in the Haviland line. See what this means. The collection has never been surpassed and includes all the new shapes, decorations and colorings in all style dishes.

CUT GLASS in showy, rich cuttings, very reasonable in price.

TABLE WARE Unique novelties. Royal Doulton ware, Yorkshire ware, Blue Saxony and Japanese. Also German, Delft Blues. We have these goods in the heavy grades; also the thin china in blues, dark and light, and assorted tints.

LAMPS. Anything you ask about we have in lamps. All shades and fashions in globes. Also hall, student and night lamps and lamp trimmings.

TOILET SETS. A line of these goods second to none.

FISH GLOBES. All sizes.

JARDINIERES. From the smallest to the large sizes. We can show some excellent values.

GLASSES. In all sizes. Claret, champagne, wine. Also the bell shapes and stem glass. Get our figures on heavy ware.

WATER SETS. New line in tints and whites.

HOTEL WARE. You can buy of us in any quantity. Price the lowest. We have it in stock. Also stop jars, cabinets, wash bowls, Pitchers, water jugs.

DINNER SETS. From the best Haviland china to the lowest priced white and decorated ware, in sets or open stock. We would like to price these goods to you before you buy.

AUSTRIAN CHINA. See our Royal Austrian China, the prettiest ware on the market for the money.

WOMAN'S COLLEGE. Plates and pitchers in delft blue. We imported a cask of these goods with a perfect reproduction photographed on each piece. They are a work of art, representing the old original buildings. Get one, girls, you will like it.

POTTERY. Big line of pottery in bean pots, water jugs in brown and yellow.

Watch and Wait for the Big Store's Dry Goods Opening

Buy for Cash



Trading Stamps

SHOT THE ANIMAL.

Horse Belonging to Chas. Dalrymple Victim of Peculiar Accident.

Chas. Dalrymple lost one of his carriage horses Wednesday morning. The accident which caused the animal's death was a peculiar one. About two weeks ago the horse slipped and fell and since that time has gone lame at times. Wednesday morning while the carriage was standing at the Wabash depot waiting for the 8:37 train one of the hackmen noticed that the animal was bleeding from the fleshy part of the hip. The driver was notified and after removing the blanket a hole about as big as the end of a finger was found in the hip from which blood was flowing quite freely. The driver was at a loss to account for the accident and Dr. Chas. E. Scott was sent for. He found that the animal's hip was broken and had him unhitched and taken to Mr. Dalrymple's barn. Upon thorough examination it was found that an artery had been severed and to relieve the suffering of the poor beast it was shot.

It is evident that when the horse fell two weeks ago it dislocated its hip and the probability is that in backing the carriage up to the station Wednesday morning the hip bone was pushed through the fleshy part of the hip cutting the artery. The animal was a bay mare recently purchased by Mr. Dalrymple and the loss will fall heavily upon him, coming as it does, so soon after his recent loss in the Kennedy & Erickson livery barn fire.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank the many friends for their kindness shown us during the sickness and death of our beloved father, Mr. and Mrs. James Large, Brothers and Sisters.

GRAND JURY DISCHARGED

Springfield, Feb. 3.—In the United States court this morning the petit jury was discharged for the term. The only trial set for to day was the case of Alexander Plannigan against Wm. L. Kline, which was continued by consent.

The court overruled the motions for new trials in the cases of Charles Kriekhaus against the Louisville & Nashville railroad company and Wm. Ward against the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad company. The hearing of the motion for a new trial in the case of James H. Robbins against the Wabash Railway Co. was set for Feb. 10.

READ THE JOURNAL, 10c. WEEK.

SECTION HAND KILLED.

Springfield, Feb. 3.—Henry Allen, a section hand on the Chicago & Alton railroad was struck this morning while working on the road by a south-bound passenger train and instantly killed. The accident happened at the cooling and watering station just this side of the Sangamon river, between 9 and 10 o'clock.

How Allen happened to get in the track of the train is not entirely made clear yet. He probably did not know that the train was so close and failed to get off the track in time. Death came instantly. The remains were picked up and brought in on the next train.

Having bought out my partners in the concrete work, I am ready to contract for any work in that line. Estimates given and work promptly done. Otis Hoffman, Ill. phone 667. 131 E. Walnut St.

\$1.50 Shoes for \$1.00, and \$2.00 Shoes for \$1.50, at Hoffman Bros.' Shoe Sale.

VALUABLE EGGS.

Fayette, Mo., Feb. 3.—The importance of the Missouri hen was demonstrated here Tuesday when T. J. Hall, a farmer, hauled to town a load of baled hay, and on that hay he carried a basket of eggs. The hay and eggs were sold at the market price, and the eggs only lacked two cents of bringing as much as the hay.

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal diseases if taken in time. J. A. Obermeyer's Drug Store

PETITION IN BANKRUPTCY

Edward O. Huckaba of Mattoon, a laborer, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States district court this morning. He places his liabilities at \$1,238 and his assets at \$369.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY.

Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb., writes: "My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years. We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks to this great remedy it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it. J. A. Obermeyer's Drug Store."

Foley's Honey and Tar cures the cough caused by an attack of influenza. It heals the lungs. J. A. Obermeyer's Drug Store.

NEW BUS.

James Rutherford has added a fine new bus to his carriage line for use between the Dunlap hotel and the depot. The bus is handsomely upholstered, artistically trimmed and has rubber tired wheels. It was purchased from McCabe & Bierman, of St. Louis.

MR. JEFFRIES SAYS
The concert to night will give delight not only to lovers of the classics, but to others who like the operas and also those liking the popular songs and "rags." The program covers the entire range and will be played in the same superb manner that has characterized Jeffries' band's performances. Single admission 25c. A few season tickets still for sale at the box office.

DAILY JOURNAL, 10c PER WEEK.

—CALL AT—

The Three Georges

FOR THE BEST LINE OF

LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOES,

Rubbers, Rubber Boots and Overshoes

Hillerby, Vickery & Brady

SOUTH SIDE SQUARE

Feeling Pretty Well.



A well cooked dinner and good digestion make a man feel his best. Both good cookery and consequent "Ideal" coal can be depended on—heats the oven just right. It's economical, too. "Ideal" is pure coal—no rubbish—no clinkers. We KNOW our "Ideal" coal is better than any other coal you ever burned. We GUARANTEE that it will please you. Order some "Ideal" to day—you'll never go back to the old, unsatisfactory kind.

R. A. GATES & SON, Jacksonville, Ill

FEBRUARY BARGAINS

We always offer special February Bargains in Men's Neckwear, Underwear and other Furnishings. Some broken lines must be closed to give us needed room and it will be to your advantage to note the very low prices. : : : : :

...Merchant Tailoring...

Now would be a good time to order your Suit for Spring wear. Many of the new goods have already arrived, and an early inspection is invited. Order your Suit now before the rush and take it when you want it. : : : : :

A. WEIHL, TAILOR AND HABERDASHER, Jacksonville, Illinois

A Quick Dime is Worth a Lazy Quarter

- 4 lbs large Cal. lima beans... 25c
- 2 lbs fresh mixed nuts... 25c
- 1 lb imported figs... 15c
- 1 lb bulk macaroni... 5c
- 1 lb bulk coconut... 20c
- 2 3-lb cans California apricots... 25c
- 2 3-lb cans eastern peaches... 25c
- 1 3-lb can string beans... 10c
- 2 3-lb cans baked beans... 25c
- 2 2-lb cans June peas... 15c
- 3 1-lb cans salmon... 25c
- Quart jar jelly or preserves only 15c
- Quart jar apple butter... 10c
- Cranberries, per quart... 5c
- Dill pickles, sauer kraut, olives, good potatoes.

ZELL'S GROCERY, EAST STATE STREET

Cell 'phone 2102. Ill. 'phone 102.

- DIAMONDS
- WATCHES
- CLOCKS
- JEWELRY
- SILVERWARE
- CUT GLASS
- UMBRELLAS
- KODAK SUPPLIES
- NOVELTIES

Bassett & Fairbank Jewelers

Cash Prices

For Saturday and Monday

- Good prunes, lb... 5c
- Good rice lb... 6c
- Canned Mackerel, can... 5c
- Beans or Blackberries, can... 5c
- 3 lb can baked beans... 10c
- 3 lb can stringless beans... 10c
- 3 cans Early June Peas... 25c
- 3 cans New Packed Corn... 25c
- 20 lbs white clar. N.O. Sugar 1.00
- 1 qt best pure Maple Syrup... 25c
- 3 cans Hulled Corn... 25c
- 2 cans Tomatoes... 25c
- 20 lbs White clarified N Sugar 1.00
- 1 pt best pure Maple Syrup... 25c
- 3 boxes Cero Fruto... 25c
- 3 boxes Blanche Cero... 25c
- 5 lb box Oats with dish... 20c

Special prices on all canned goods. Fresh teas and coffees at lowest prices.

AT R.R. Chambers' Cash Store 215 South Main Street.

S.R. Armstrong

DEALER IN— Wall Paper, Pictures, Artist's Materials, Picture Frames at half price. Mixed Paints and Varnishes.

PAINTING

Small its branches. Especial attention paid to Framing and Tapestry painting. Prices lower than the lowest.

331 WEST STATE STREET.



Old Friends Are Best

And, therefore, it behooves us to take good care of these invaluable friends—our teeth. A little filling and attention now and then may save them and postpone the necessity for false ones until late in life. False friends are not like the old ones—take warning while there's time.

H. L. Griswold, Dentist

W. S. Sq. over Russell & Lyons.

The Daily Journal.

HAWES YATES, President. S. W. NICHOLS, Treasurer. W. L. PAY, Secretary. TERMS OF THE DAILY. One year, postage paid... 1.25 Three months... .75 One week (delivered by carrier)... .10 TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. One year, postage paid... 11.50 Six months, postage paid... 7.50 Subscribers who fail to get their papers regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office, either in person, by telephone or postal card. All business, news letters or telegrams should be addressed to THE JOURNAL COMPANY, Jacksonville, Ill.

Bell and Illinois Phones: Nos. 64. THE JOURNAL COMPANY

SWEET HARMONY

It is amusing to see how many Democrats have each other. This is the way the Chronicle fixes up Hearst, whom so many local Democrats are booming for president.

The frequent references in the yellow press to a "Democratic labor party" contain the inference that a new political party has been born. The inference is also plain in this instance that "labor" means trades union labor. As a matter of fact there is no such party except in the ambitious dreams of the yellow press and the yellow aspirants for high political honors. There is a scheme, however, among crafty and designing upstarts to make a cat's-paw of labor to aid them in their unworthy ambition for control of the Democratic national convention. The Democratic party before it fell under the control of demagogues and visionaries, was the true exponent of those principles by which a home industries and law-abiding workman could hope to obtain equal opportunities and evade the oppression visited upon them by persons enjoying special privileges. It was not a labor party in the sense that it recognized any special class or union of workers; on the contrary, its entire record has been uncompromisingly antagonistic to the spirit of class distinction, unequal opportunities, curtailment of energy and effort, represented by trade unionism. Especially has it been the foe of the lawless methods by which trade unionism denies to non-union workmen the right to work.

The underlying principle of the Democratic party is represented by its name. It is the party of equality; it recognizes no class; it is essentially the party of all the people. The so-called Democratic labor party, if such a revolutionary and incendiary organization ever should be brought into existence would be a misnomer. It simply would be a party of lawlessness and riot and opposed to every fundamental principle of Democracy.

In every trades union there is a percentage of law-abiding and well disposed workmen. Even though they lack the courage to openly rebel against the tyranny of their lawless leaders, it is incredible that they are so lacking in intelligence that they can be deceived by the transparent trick of the promoters of the so-called "democratic labor party" to make labor the political tool of a ridiculous notoriety seeker.

The progress made in electric traction during the past year naturally presents two phases—growth in takable assets, counted in miles of track and car equipment, and improvement in motor mechanism, roadbeds and everything that pertains to the application of electric energy to transportation.

In the latter phase of progress, three events are cited by the Electrical Review as counting more for the future of electrical traction than the entire work of the past decade in traction development. These are (1) The triumphant conclusion of the Zossen experiments in high speed traction, showing that a schedule speed of 100 miles an hour is perfectly feasible. (2) The perfection of a single phase motor for traction, by which the distribution of energy for long traction systems will be very much simplified. (3) and the initiation of the great suburban traction plans of the New York Central railway in New York city involving not only the tunnels but the far larger work beyond them.

The latter is regarded by the Review as a great victory for electric traction to win out under the conditions imposed and the example, it is believed, is certain to be followed elsewhere. For a decade electrical engineers have been looking forward to a day when electrical locomotives would be introduced as practical and essential parts of a railroad system, but the railroad corporations have been slow to recognize their superiority over steam locomotives for certain kinds of service. From now on there is every reason to believe that the development along this line will be rapid.

In the Zossen experiments in Germany it was shown that with a track built in accordance with modern railway practice a speed of 100 miles an hour may be obtained with smooth running and with conditions that make operating practicable. In commenting on the advantages of the single phase motor, which permits the use of a high voltage trolley wire, and thus simplifies the delivery of large power to a moving car, the writer characterizes the "third rail" plan as a "make-shift," declaring that no system which requires transmission at low pressure can be seriously considered as a general solution of the traction problem.

WASHINGTON CHITCHAT

Representative Kyle's Story of a Great Promiser.

OBLIGING WATOHMAN'S MISHAP.

How He Inadvertently Stirred Up Three Chinamen Visiting the White House—Speaker Cannon's Contraband Clear—Fame For Secretary Shaw.

"There is a man in my district," said Representative Tom Kyle, the "Sweet Singer of Ohio," to the New York World's Washington correspondent, "whose name is Doyle. He is a politician, and he has the fatal habit of promising all things to all men. Nobody ever went to him to ask him to get him a job that Doyle did not say, 'Why, yes; I'll get that for you.'"

"Nine times out of ten Doyle doesn't make good, but he goes on promising just the same. Some years ago two Irishmen who worked in a boiler factory in my town were busy riveting. One man was inside the boiler holding a hammer against the rivets, and the other was outside swinging the sledge and making the rivets fast.

"After half an hour's steady pounding the man inside stuck his head out of the boiler and said:

"Say, Pat, did ye hear that they've been after makin' this man Corrigan a cardinal?"

"Are ye tellin' me?" asked Pat. "Why, d'ye know, Doyle promised that job to me?"

For five minutes the other night it seemed that the United States had mixed in the eastern question, says the New York World.

Nai Cheung, Chung Chuan and Sun See Yee, attaches of the Chinese legation, went to the White House as guests at Mrs. Roosevelt's musicale. They came into the corridor and stood irresolutely, as if waiting to be shown where to go to leave their wraps. One of the watchmen, seeing the quandary of the orientals, leaned forward to direct a negro attendant to show the guests to the dressing room for diplomats.

"Take these gentlemen to the"—He put out his hand, but instead of touching the negro attendant on the shoulder he touched one of the Chinese. All the feathers of diplomatic dignity stood at once on end.

"You touched me," said the diplomat. "Why did you touch me? You have no right to touch me."

The watchman tried to explain. The diplomats would not listen. They protested shrilly. Arriving guests were attracted by the fuss and gathered around the excited Chinese. They turned away and were apparently about to go to their legation, in which event formal explanations from the White House would have been in order.

The captain of the White House watch appeared. He saved the situation. After listening a moment he said, "Come with me." His voice was authoritative, and though it rather suggested that they were being arrested than conducted to a dressing room, the three attaches went without another word. The incident seemed to spoil the evening for the trio of orientals. They listened gloomily to the music and went home early.

Speaker Cannon emerged from the speaker's office the other morning and ran plump into a crowd of newspaper correspondents, says the New York Tribune's Washington correspondent.

"You might just as well give up," one of them remarked. "We are sorry to hold up the speaker and rob him of all he knows, but the news field is bare and famine stares us in the face."

"Boys, I don't know a blessed thing," he exclaimed regretfully, "and the only thing I can do is to set 'em up." He reached into the inside pocket of his long black coat and fished out a handful of cigars. Some of them were little, short fellows, some long and attenuated, and one was a monster, black as charcoal and half as large around as your wrist.

"You can take your pick," he said as he extended his offering. "Some of those were given me, some I bought, and one I smuggled."

The first man that drew captured the big fat one.

"You're a smuggler's accessory," said the speaker. "The rest can choose in safety."

Secretary Leslie M. Shaw of the treasury department received a letter a few days ago addressed to the "Hon. John Shaw, Secretary of State." The writer requested the secretary to send him a certain report printed by the agricultural department.

"That is fame," said Shaw. "This man is from Iowa, my own state, and thinks I am a sort of hydra headed citizen who is secretary of state and has control of the agricultural department."

Next day, when the secretary received a letter, also from Iowa, which stated that the writer had heard the government had published a book and asked for a copy, he threw up his hands. He wrote to his friend and said: "Please tell me what book it is you want or I shall have to send you a car load."

Representative John F. Lacey of Iowa recently found a new kind of missile in his mail. It was from an Iowa constituent and read as follows:

Dear Sir—I have been looking over the list of bulletins issued by the agricultural department. I am not a married man, but live in a boarding house here kept by Mrs. Blank. Will you please send her a copy of Secretary Wiley's pamphlet on breadmaking?

By return mail a copy of the much desired publication was forwarded.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION FOR MORGAN COUNTY.

A Republican delegate convention for Morgan county is hereby called to meet in the circuit court room in Jacksonville on Tuesday, Feb. 16, 1904, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing delegates to the state, congressional and senatorial conventions, and the transaction of such other business as such convention may choose.

The basis of representation for the voting districts will be one delegate for every twenty-five votes and fraction thereof cast for William McKinley in 1900 and upon this basis the various precincts and voting districts will have delegates as follows:

District	Delegates
Alexander	1
Aradula	1
Chapin	1
Concord	1
Franklin No. 1	1
Franklin No. 2	1
Jacksonville No. 1	1
Jacksonville No. 2	1
Jacksonville No. 3	1
Jacksonville No. 4	1
Jacksonville No. 5	1
Jacksonville No. 6	1
Jacksonville No. 7	1
Jacksonville No. 8	1
Jacksonville No. 9	1
Jacksonville No. 10	1
Jacksonville No. 11	1
Jacksonville No. 12	1
Litchberry	1
Lynnville	1
Marietta	1
Meredith	1
Murrayville	1
Nortonville	1
Piggott	1
Prentice	1
Shubert	1
Waverly No. 1	1
Waverly No. 2	1
Woodson	1

The different committees are requested to give notice of the time and place of meeting of the primaries in their respective districts. By order of the county central committee.

J. H. DANSHIN, Chairman. W. A. MORRISSEY, Secretary. Dated Feb. 1, 1904.

NO. 9

The Republicans of district No. 9 will meet in the rooms over the Journal office Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1904, at 7:30 p. m., for the selection of ten delegates to the Republican county convention and such other business as may come before them.

Edward Kastrap, Member Central Committee.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY—NO. 8.

The Republican Voters of District No. 8, meet in Conservatory hall on Tuesday, February 9, 1904, at 7:30 p. m., in the court house Thursday evening, Feb. 11, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing thirteen delegates to the county convention to be held Feb. 16.

Jas. H. Danskin, Committee Man No. 8.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

The Republican voters of the Fifth district, Jacksonville precinct, are requested to meet at the Second ward school building Thursday evening, Feb. 11, at 7:30 o'clock to choose thirteen delegates to the Republican county convention to meet on the 16th, and to transact any other business. Apply to day between 4 and 6 p. m. for the meeting. John B. Davis, Member Central Committee.

OPINION OF AN ILLINOIS MAN

As the proof of the pudding is the eating and not in chewing the string, so the merits of a medicine are most clearly demonstrated after it has been used. Mr. John T. Teal, Tabor, Ill., says, "I have been handling Foley's Honey and Horehound for the past year and find it very meritorious. Have used it in my own family with best results, and it is my best seller in the store." When our readers have occasion to need a cough medicine we would recommend them to try Harts' Honey and Horehound, 25c, 50c and \$1 bottles. Sold by Lee P. Alcott.

MADE GRAS RATES VIA THE J. & ST. L. TO NEW ORLEANS, LA., PENACOLA, FLA., MOBILE, ALA.

One fare plus \$2 for the round trip. Tickets on sale Feb. 9 to 14 inclusive. Extreme limit Feb. 20. Privilege of extension. Ask for particulars. Phone 58. Geo. W. Dye.



Positive Purity Good Luck Baking Powder is so pure—its leavening force so great—that only one heaping teaspoonful to a quart of sifted flour is required for the lightest, whitest, most wholesome and nutritious hot bread, pastry and cakes. And the price of GOOD LUCK Baking Powder is only one cent a pound. The fair price for the best baking powder. Dealers give it in each and every pound. Save the seal on your tin. If you find a tin without the seal, it is not Good Luck. Ask your dealer for a tin.

Illinois Phone 318



Bell Phone 1081

An Important Feature

Of this week's showing will be the new things Correct 1904 Spring Fabrics in dress goods. SEE THE NEW SCOTCH TWEEDS

Black Dress Goods New 1904 weaves at a discount. You would expect to pay the prices we are now asking for the choicest of the new weaves for 1904 next June, instead of at the opening of a season. The Values are remarkable. Only through several big and fortunate purchases are we able to give such a sale. Qualities, styles and variety in both the foreign and domestic goods that would bring throngs of buyers at the original prices, being a very choice collection of fashionable weaves

Iron Frame Etamines, \$1.00 yd

One of the many new lightweight fabrics, our regular \$1.25 grade, this week \$1.00.

Imported French Voile, \$1.00 yd

The season's choicest material for dresses and fancy skirts, a very special value at \$1.00.

Crystal Ceepes, \$1.00 yd.

A beautiful black silk and wool fabric for real dressy wear, special value at \$1.00.

Extra, 50c Offerings

For this week we offer the following very special values: 42-inch black Melrose cloth, 50c yd; 42-inch black fancy Melrose, 50c yd; 38-inch black French Voile, 50c yd.

Fancy Dress Gingham, 7 1/2c yd

An extraordinary purchase of two cases of the dress gingham enables us to place on sale this week 100 pieces choice dress styles, a good 10c value, special this week 7 1/2c yd.

Fine India Linen, 12 1/2c yd

100 pieces very sheer grade India linen, a big bargain offer; this week 12 1/2c yd.

White Petticoats, \$1.50

Cambrie top skirts, lawn umbrella ruffle, with torchon insert and cluster tucks, torchon lace edge, dust ruffle, special value \$1.50.

Linen Huck Towels, 15c

Large size linen huck towels, 20x36 inches, hemstitched, a very special value, 15c.

Twill Linen Crash, 10c yd

Hemstitched linen crash, full 18-inch, soft finish, absorbent, 12 1/2c value at 10c yd.



"If I had only bought a piano a year or two ago it would have been paid for now and the money not missed."

How often these words come to us. How often the money has gone where it cannot be reached or bring any returns. If you need accommodating terms we can help you. COME NOW and make your selection.

W. T. Brown Piano Co.

Successor to Tindale, Brown & Co.

Food Choppers

See Our Stock and Get the Best, the

Universal

Chops anything, any old size. Also get a

UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER

(3 minutes)

H. L. & B. W. Smith.

Announcement

Having sold an interest in my Dry Goods and Millinery business to my former partner, Mr. J. W. Blackburn, I take this means to thank my many friends and patrons for their liberal patronage and good will and trust the new firm of Blackburn-Floreth Co. will enjoy an increased share of that patronage.

William Floreth

We have purchased the stock of the popular cash Dry Goods and Millinery house of William Floreth. It is the intention of both Messrs William Floreth and J. W. Blackburn to devote their entire time and attention to same and by larger stock, best possible attention and lowest cash prices, to merit an increased share of the liberal patronage of this popular store.

Blackburn-Floreth Co.

69 East Side Square.

City and County

Mrs. Millicent Mathers is seriously ill at her home on West State street.

Fred Davey has almost finished the improvements on his new store, 459 Hardin avenue and expects to be ready for business Saturday. Mr. Davey has a nice, clean stock and will at all times carry everything that should be found in a first-class grocery store. He is an experienced man at the business and his store will no doubt please customers.

Edwardsville Intelligence: Mrs. Woods, wife of James Woods, an inspector on the C. P. & St. L., is lying dangerously ill with pneumonia at her home in Leclair. Mrs. Woods has many relatives living at Jacksonville. Mr. and Mrs. Woods lived in Madison until driven from their home by high water last summer. Since then they have lived here.

\$21.30 Jacksonville to Pensacola Fla and return via the Alton Feb. 9 to 14 inclusive account annual Mardi Gras celebration. Final limit, Feb. 20th with privilege of extension.

We wish to announce that we have secured the Jacksonville branch of The Book-lovers' Library of Philadelphia. This is the largest circulating library in the world and the only library with a complete and prompt service. Kindly call or send for information.

Randall's Book Store.

THE PRODIGAL SON

Was the Subject of a Strong Sermon Preached by Evangelist Jordan Wednesday Evening.

State Street church was well filled Wednesday evening with an audience that listened with intense interest to the sermon of Rev. Mr. Jordan who preached upon the subject, "The Prodigal Son."

The evangelist presented a very vivid picture of the young man who leaves home for the first time, the admonitions of father and mother given to him and the warnings against the pitfalls of the world. He showed how in a moment of weakness the young man yielded to temptation. How one step led to another, until at last he awoke to a realization of the fact that he was ruined financially, morally and spiritually. The glitter of the worldly pleasure had proved deceptive and the fruits of his dissipation were bitterness, disappointment and disaster.

Broken in spirit and pocket-book his friends have fallen away from him and far from home and loved ones he finds himself penniless, alone and forsaken. It all comes back to him, the parting from home and mother, the words of advice and caution which fell too lightly upon his ears and now in the midst of mental suffering and physical need he looks in vain for comfort and solace. He recalls the last words that were spoken and in them was the invitation to come back and that there would always be a welcome. He meditates upon the past, realizes the completeness of his failure and resolves that he will accept the invitation to return home. He is received with outstretched arms, the fatted calf is killed and again he is received into the fold of family and friends. So it is with God, the father, ever ready to welcome home the sinner who has wandered from him. He must resolve however to forsake his evil practices and with a determination born of a purpose to do right he will find the welcome that brings consolation and peace of mind.

Meetings to day as usual.

TURNER SOCIETY.

Anniversary of Its Organization Celebrated at Their Hall on Main Street Wednesday Evening.

The Turner society gave their 45th annual ball at their hall on North Main street Wednesday evening in honor of the anniversary of the organization of the society. The floor was crowded with dancers all the evening and fully three hundred attended this event which is always anticipated with pleasure. Eckels' orchestra furnished excellent music for the dance program and refreshments were served in the rooms below.

The charter members of the society are all dead but the organization still maintains a vigorous existence and business meetings are held monthly. The present officers are: President, J. J. Schafer; secretary, H. L. Bruce; treasurer, Herman Weber; treasurer of sick fund, F. F. Schmidt; finance committee, J. J. Schafer, Chas. H. Bedele and Fred Batz; trustees, J. J. Schafer, F. F. Schmidt and Fred Batz.

The committee who so successfully managed the affair last evening was composed of Chas. Bedele, John Schafer, Fritz Pothoff, Herman Weber, Herman Mehner and Jacob Herberg.

THE MATRIMONIAL RECORD.

SEYMOUR-DARLEY.

F. A. Seymour and Miss Carrie Darley, both of Franklin, were married at 12 o'clock, noon, Wednesday by Rev. A. L. T. Ewert, at Centenary parsonage.

JOHNSON-YOUNG.

James Johnson and Mrs. Jennie Young, both of Arcadia, called on Rev. A. L. T. Ewert Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock and were united in marriage.

DUTY-CREAL.

Delos Duty, of Marion and Miss Reta Creal, of Creal Springs, were married at 8 o'clock Wednesday night. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. L. T. Ewert at Centenary parsonage.

AKERS-REA.

John Akers and Miss Jennie Rea, daughter of James Rea, of Murrayville, were married at the home of the bride Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock. There was a large company of relatives and friends of the contracting parties present and the solemn service that joined in the closest of relations two prominent families of the county was said in a most beautiful and impressive manner by Dr. W. F. Short. The couple stood beneath a beautiful floral canopy while the vows were spoken and at their conclusion received the hearty congratulations and best wishes of the guests present.

The march, "Wedding Bells," was skillfully played by Miss Ethel Greenwalt, of Manchester. The house decorations were very handsome and were arranged with artistic taste. An elegant wedding supper was served at the conclusion of the wedding ceremony.

The bride is the daughter of one of the most prominent families of Morgan county and is a most capable and accomplished young lady. The groom is known as an industrious young man of strong character and integrity.

Mr. and Mrs. Akers will reside on a farm near Manchester.

WILLIAMSON-MILLER.

At 7 o'clock Wednesday night Squire B. B. Gray met Samuel Williamson and Mrs. Susan Miller at his office and they were married according to the laws of the state of Illinois.

CO-EDUCATION MUST CEASE.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 3.—By a bill which passed the Kentucky legislature to day co-education in Kentucky must cease. It remains only for the governor to sign the measure to make it a law, and then Berea college, one of the most famous educational institutions in this part of the country, must pass out of existence.

Berea college, founded by philanthropists anxious to permit a higher education for the negro in Kentucky and other southern states, secured at one time a \$5,000 donation from Miss Helen Gould. Later she made other donations, but when she visited Kentucky and inspected the school she declined to follow the plan she had adopted, whereby she would have given the institution about \$75,000 as a further endowment.

It is said that the sight of white and black children in class room together, in the dining room together, on the campus and leaving school together and even sleeping together, disgusted her, and she refused point blank to carry out her munificent scheme.

An endowment of half a million dollars by northern and eastern people was possessed by Berea college until recently, when it was withdrawn. The reason was not given. The passage of the bill prohibiting co-education practically makes it a law, as Governor Beckham from the start has advocated such legislation action.

Children's Shoes at 59c, 75c and 95c during Hoffman-Bros.' sale.

VERDICT AGAINST SHERIFF.

Springfield, Feb. 3.—Nayel proceedings in the circuit court resulted to night in a verdict in the case of L. J. Olsen, of Peoria, against former Sheriff Charles Woods, finding for the plaintiff in the sum of \$1,500. Olsen, who sued for \$5,000, came to Springfield to visit the state fair in 1901, when Mr. Woods was sheriff of Sangamon county.

At that time a gambling raid was made by Sheriff Woods and among others caught in the net was Olsen, who was imprisoned despite protests of innocence. He brought suit charging false imprisonment and that he had been unjustly persecuted. Sheriff Woods will appeal the case.

DEATHS AT SOLDIERS' HOME.

Quincy, Feb. 3.—The following deaths occurred at the state soldiers' home during the month of January: George McMurry, company B, 50th Illinois Infantry; Isaac N. Miller, company B, 148th Illinois Infantry; Samuel Collins, company D, 100th Illinois Infantry; Wm. B. Harlan, company B, 8th Illinois Infantry; George W. Johns, company D, 12th Pennsylvania cavalry; Henry Stephens, company F, 30th Illinois Infantry; Andrew J. Ketterling, company F, 100th Illinois Infantry; Wm. Harris, company E, 12th Illinois cavalry; Philip H. Carr, company A, 11st Illinois Infantry. Present aggregate membership 2,015.

NEW TARGET ADDED TO SHERMAN'S LIST.

Marshall, Ill., Feb. 3.—L. Y. Sherman spoke here last night in behalf of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for governor. His speech was an attack throughout on Governor Yates, Congressman Warner and what he declared to be the evils existing in the Republican party at this time. His assault on Warner was because of the latter's "quilt knocking" speech at the Republican love feast at Springfield. He threshed over the old straw and concluded:

"As Mr. Warner has seen proper to assume the burden of resenting the criticism of these evils, I hope he will keep it up. It will be a pleasure to me to continue my remarks. I hope Candidate Yates and his defender, Mr. Warner will continue to object. I will state the facts and Mr. Warner can coin the epithets for me or any of my friends. If this be treason, make the most of it. If this be 'knocking' go then who think with Warner and I likewise."

James S.

"AMERICANISM."

Brilliant Lecture by Dr. Frank Bristol Delivered Under the Auspices of the Lecture Course.

Dr. Frank Bristol appeared Wednesday evening in the college lecture course at the Grand opera house before a large and enthusiastic audience. Mr. Bristol is a rapid speaker, but his language is eloquent and his delivery forceful. The audience listened to his lecture with profound interest and every word of his patriotic and convincing discourse was followed with close attention. His gestures, facial expressions and tone of voice show that he is a gifted orator, a deep thinker and a truly wonderful man. Wit, pathos and eloquence abounded throughout. It is useless to attempt to give an idea of his lecture, as it must be heard to be appreciated. Dr. Bristol is pastor of one of the large churches in Washington, D. C., and gives but a small part of his time to lecturing. In brief he said:

"America, according to science, is one of the oldest countries of the world and the question as to who discovered this country is a very difficult one. It may have been the Chinese, the Norse, the Aztecs or Columbus. However, it was one of the most important discoveries in secular history. Compare the territory of the European countries with that of the United States. The policy of the government has always been expansion ever since this government was founded. All the people of Europe may move to this country without it being as densely populated as England. I say let the foreigners come. Our forefathers were foreigners. Let them help develop the boundless resources of this country. To be sure we must draw the line somewhere; we cannot exclude the poor, because our forefathers were poor. I say exclude criminals; do not let the offscouring of foreign countries poison our civilization. This country was settled by a peculiar people. People with religious and intellectual ideas. We may say every nation was founded by peculiar people and every civilization has a central idea. The fundamental idea of the Roman civilization was conquest; the Hebrews was religion, but the civilization of this country consisted of a number of ideas. They came not to conquer but to form a country founded upon religion and industry. What a wonderful history is the history of American industry. The glory of this country is its industries. The great men of this country have sprung from the common people.

"The black man was not in slavery because he was black; some people wanted him to do their work. It was labor that was in slavery. When Abraham Lincoln was president he emancipated labor, not the black man.

"The people who discovered this country had no idea of founding this government. But 55 years after its discovery the constitution of the United States was framed and signed. At the beginning there was a problem. Was this country one unburdened nation or a number of small democracies? Washington, Adams, Jefferson and the most learned men of the country were unable to solve this problem. Lincoln and Douglas also were unable; it was left to the boys in blue and grey to decide. They decided that there was one union, once and forever. All government is difficult, but the hardest is self government. The United States has one of the hardest problems of government, as it is composed of the people of all nations.

"It took time to discover all things and it took man a long time to discover woman. Woman has always, when given the chance, proved herself equal of man. Take for example the reigns of Queens Anne, Elizabeth and Victoria. But this time has come when the power of woman is understood. All universities and colleges that are progressive have opened their doors to woman. It has been said time and again the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world. I say the people who say this do not know what they are talking about. I say no; the hand that rocks the cradle does not rule the world. If it did there would be no saloons in the United States to day. There would be no gambling dens and none of the awful corruption in politics and society life that exists under our present civilization."

NEW BISHOP IS ENTHRONED.

The Right Reverend Edward M. Fawcett the new bishop of the diocese of Quincy of the Episcopal church, was enthroned in Quincy recently, the impressive ceremony taking place at the cathedral of St. John. The bishop was the celebrant and he was assisted by Rev. F. M. Wilson, of Macomb, and Rev. Mr. Webster Hakes, of Peoria.

The enthronement came on the day set apart in the church calendar for the feast of the purification. The sermon was preached by Rev. H. Atwood Percival, D. D., priest in charge of St. Paul's church of Quincy. The delivering of the sermon by Dr. Percival was an unusual honor, from the fact that he is a comparatively new member of the diocese, not yet having been ordained. His ordination will take place in St. Paul's church this coming Sunday and the new bishop will have charge of the service.

The enthronement services were formal and were attended by many clergymen from all over the state. The dean, Rev. W. H. Moore, presided. The ceremony was a most interesting one. The clergy and lay officials received the bishop at the door. When all have taken their places in the nave, the dean conducts the bishop to the holy table. The ceremony of enthronement is then rendered by the dean, after which the "Te Deum Laudamus" is sung and the suffrages are said by the dean and choir.

THE BIRTH RECORD.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, residing on East College avenue, a son.

\$1.50 Sweater \$1 better grades at Proportionate Reductions

Why Not

All Single Trousers at 20 per cent Off

Save Money by Buying Between Seasons!

We will sell our remaining stock of Suits and Overcoats at a positive saving to you if you buy now.

We mean that suits now selling at 8.50, 10.50, 12.50 and 15.00 are worth one-third or more than these prices

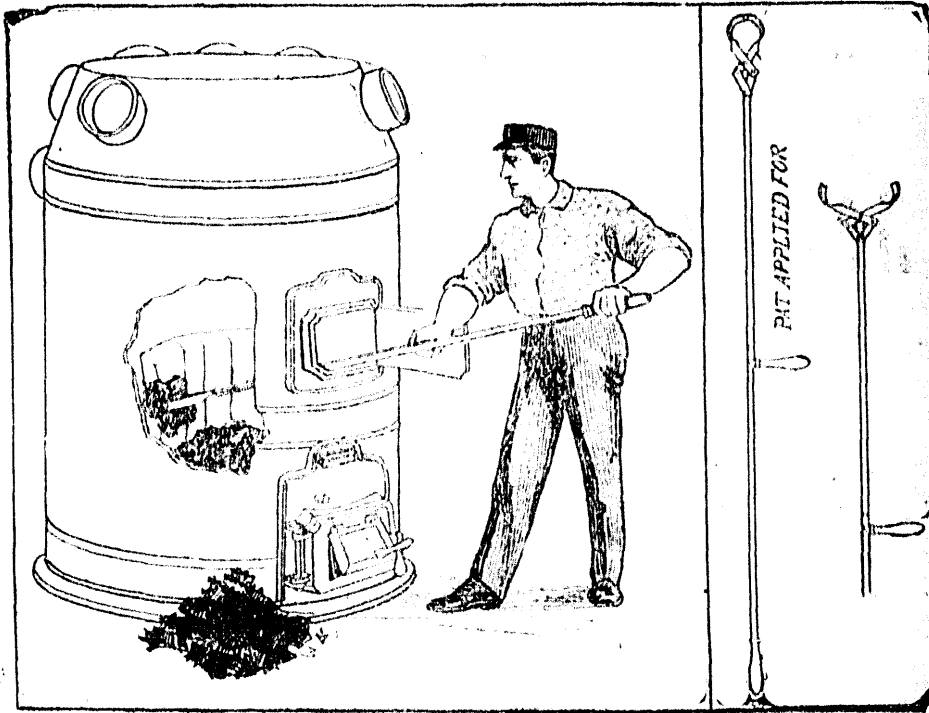
We also mean that overcoats now selling for 8.00, 10.50, 13.00, 15.00 and 17.00 are worth one-third or more than these prices. Between season prices apply to all Youths' and Boys' suits and overcoats.

BROOK & STICE

12 West Side Square.

Save your coal, furnace, repairs, time and temper, at the same time keeping your house warm. It's easy to accomplish all these things by using the

Giant Clinker Tongs



The only certain device for removing CLINKERS from any kind of a furnace. So simple that a child can operate it.

The "Giant" is the embodiment of strength. Length 61 inches. Nothing to get out of repair.

DIRECTIONS—Raise the clinker to the top of the fire with the poker then remove with the giant tongs. No matter how large or how small the clinker, you will have no trouble in removing it without danger of being burned.

Those using wood furnaces will appreciate the advantages of the giant tongs in drawing the unburnt ends of wood to the front of the furnace, so all the ends can be burned. You would not do without it for double the price.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS

The East Side House-Furnishers, Jacksonville, Illinois

JOHNSON, HACKETT & GUTHRIE

Woodworth's Violet Talcum, 10c box. Cuticura Soap, 10c cake. Pigeon's Face Powder, 25c box. 50 pos. Torchon Laces and Insertions, choice 3c yard.

Many Reductions For This Week

In order to clean up the broken assortments and secure room for the rapidly arriving spring goods

Heavy selling during the January White Sale has left us with lots of remnants and short ends of Muslins, Table Linens, Waistings, Dress Goods and Silks, which will be sold at less than manufacturer's cost price.

<p>\$5 Blankets and Down Comforts \$3.95</p> <p>Beautiful white and colored blankets, made of fine California lamb's wool, large size (11-1) and a special \$5.00 value, this week only \$3.95 a pair.</p> <p>Satine covered bed comforts, filled with real down, never sold less than \$5.00 each, this week \$3.95.</p> <p>Blankets at all prices this week, subject to a discount of 20 per cent or 1-5 off regular price.</p>	<p>\$5.00 cloaks for \$2.50; \$7.50 cloaks for \$3.75.</p> <p>49c yd for Silk Worth up to \$1.00 per yard</p> <p>All colors for street or evening waists, in splendid all silk goods, beautiful stripes and figures, just the broken assortment of 75c, 85c and \$1.00 silks, this week 49c a yard.</p> <p>Attend Our Big Sales</p> <p>We have the goods to deliver and you don't need to be an expert to see that our price reductions are genuine and generous.</p> <p>69c for Dress Goods Worth up to \$1.25 yd</p> <p>None worth less than \$1.00 a yard. All wool granites, zibelines, canvases, cloths, etc., in black and colors, 52 inches wide, splendid goods for suit or extra skirts, choice this week 69c a yard.</p>	<p>50c for Corset Worth \$1</p> <p>Broken assortments of corsets in such good makes as the R. & G., the Royal Worcester and Warner's, none but regular dollar corsets in the lot, in black, white, pink and blue, choice this week 50c a pair.</p> <p>5c yd for 10c Wash Laces</p> <p>On sale this week, 2,000 yards machine made Torchon laces in handsome patterns with insertions to match, all widths up to 3 1-2 inches, choice of these new serviceable wash laces this week 5c a yard.</p> <p>48c yd for Dress Goods Worth 85c yard</p> <p>52 inch fine all wool covert cloth and suitings in most seasonable colorings, made to sell for 85c a yard, a splendid lot of goods for children's school dresses, this week 48c a yard.</p>
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O. K. STORE

9 West Side Square.

For the Schools

We are offering, as ever, a very complete line of

Books and Supplies

You may need something for school work during the next term and you are sure to find it at

Leaford's BOOK STORE

UNHAPPINESS DISPELLED.

Men and Women Unanimous About It. Many women weep and wail and refuse to be comforted because their once most valued treasures have become thin and faded. Many men incline to profanity because the flies bite through the thin thatch on their craniums. It will be good news to the miserable of both sexes, to learn that Newbro's Herpicide has been placed upon the market. This is the new scalp germicide and antiseptic that acts by destroying the germ or microbe that is the underlying cause of all hair destruction. Herpicide is a new preparation, made after a new formula on an entirely new principle. Anyone who has tried it will testify as to its worth. Try it yourself and be convinced. Sold by leading druggists. Send for a sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

ARMSTRONG & ARMSTRONG,
Special Agents.



The Appearance

of an article is often deceptive, and your plumbing—what you can see—may look right, and yet be far from correct.

Our Plumbing is Honest

and we watch the details of each job and see that every piece of pipe is sound, and every joint perfect.

Landers, Keefe & Co.

You cannot
Fail to be
Pleased
With your
Business' or
Dress Suit
If it is made at
..NIESSEN'S..

OLD SMOKER



Old Smoker
Little Monarch
Gold Leaf
Vaneta, 10c

SELIGMAN BROS.

GRAVEL SPRINGS WATER

The Purest
And Most Poular.

This water is so pure it will not change color like other spring water, nor has it a foreign taste by standing long in a jar.

We also handle a full line of Coffees and Teas at reasonable prices.

We also sell sugar in a retail way at wholesale prices.

GEO. E. MATHEWS & CO

225 EAST STATE STREET.

Steam and Hot Water Heating

And ventilating apparatus. Sanitary arrangements for plumbing a specialty. Specifications and estimates promptly made. Agents for the Haxton boilers.

LONG DANG

21 SOUTH MAIN ST.

New Laundry

Now open for business. Will do BEST WORK in town. Everything called for and delivered.

Shirts 10 c
Suits 15 c
Collars 25 c
Cuffs 5 c
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

BREVITIES

THE HALL OF FAME.

Miss Susie Gentry of Franklin, Tenn., has the largest, most interesting and valuable collection of gourds in existence.

Herbert Spencer was an only child, but there are still living two representative, in his own generation, of his mother's family.

Miss Agnes Mullen, recently appointed advertising manager of the Monon railroad, is the only woman in the world holding such a position.

By the will of the late Judge James Cheney, which has been filed in Port Wayne, Ind., he leaves all his estate to his daughters. He was the richest man in Indiana.

W. I. Buchanan, the first United States minister to the new republic of Panama, is a self-made man, having started in life as an edge tool maker in Covington, O., where he was born fifty years ago.

John Duncan of Parkhill, Arbroath, Scotland, is 100 years old. He continues to manage his estate, upon which he has resided for eighty-three years. He is in the possession of all his mental faculties and is in reasonably good health.

William Erasmus Taft, a dry goods merchant of New York, who died recently, had a collection of theatrical playbills, photographs and printed matter pertaining to the stage that is surpassed by but one or two others in the United States.

The young Duchess of Manchester, formerly Miss Zimmerman of Cincinnati, who, it is said, is a believer in Buddhism, recently invited Aganaya Gura Paramahansa, chief of the Hindu mahatmas, to Tanderagee castle to cure the duke of diabetes.

Edward Mallinckrodt of St. Louis has given sufficient money to refit the library in Boylston hall, Harvard, and for buying several hundred new books. His son, a member of the class of 1900, has added to the gift a sum large enough to defray the running expenses of the library.

Sir John See, the premier of New South Wales, has added a new phrase to the political vocabulary. Urged to bring pressure to bear upon the commonwealth government in a certain cause, he replied, with a worried and irritated air, that he might just as well "sneeze against thunder."

SHORT STORIES.

Thirty-seven per cent of the American people now live in cities of more than 4,000 inhabitants.

In the city of New York alone there are 150,000 people living today who would be dead if the mortality of fifty years ago still prevailed.

In Montreal there are three French to one English speaking worker, but the proportion of French trade unionists to English is six to one.

The memory of David Kenniston, last survivor of the "Boston tea party," was honored recently by the unveiling of a huge boulder monument in Boston.

In Maine there are sixteen pulp factories that cut up enough white birch trees to make 300,000,000 spools a year, about which are ultimately wound 50,000,000,000 yards of thread.

A fuel is being manufactured in California which is made from twigs and leaves of the eucalyptus tree mixed with crude petroleum. It is said to burn freely and give good results.

HORSES AND HORSEMEN.

J. W. Brodline of Boston has purchased Junera, 2:10 1/4, a sister to his great pacer, Locunda.

Annie Thornton, 2:10 1/4, and Gehline Boy, 2:16 1/4, are now driven on the Philadelphia speedway.

William M. McDonald has a full brother to Gray Gen, 2:09 1/4, that will do for the grand circuit.

Fred Keyes of Cleveland, O., will train the horses owned by W. W. Collier of Detroit next season.

McHenry states that he will not train a stable of runners until after the retirement of Dan Patch, 1:50 1/4.

Ida Higwood, owned by E. E. Smathers, recently defeated all the crack speedway trotters in New York.

Charley Dean has leased the Lincoln stock farm of Palatine, Ill., and will train a public stable there next season.

Cuylercast, Jr., 2:14 1/4, owned by J. W. Lovatt of Bethlehem, Pa., is said to be capable of pacing miles in 2:08 or better.

MODES OF THE MOMENT.

Hatpins with top of decorated porcelain are very popular.

For black gowns braided trimmings with tiny buttons are much in vogue.

Moleskin, ermine and broadtail are cleverly imitated in the new velvets and plushes.

Some of the newest hatpins are oval and in the peacock coloring—green tongue into blue.

Some of the newest embroideries show a blending of red, green and yellow silk with gold thread.

The garland idea carried out in silk ruchings, tiny blossoms or chiffon rose trimmings is the dominant one for evening gowns.

Taffeta ruchings, fashionable on cloth skirts and bodices, are seen on simple girlish evening frocks of white and pale tinted mousseline de soie. Brooklyn Eagle.

NEW SHORT STORIES

A Quarter on Account.

Judge Riley, formerly of Virginia, but now of Washington, met a friend on the street the other day and said dramatically:

"Bill, I will allow you to loan me a quarter of a dollar."

"Not me," said Bill. "I have been standing you for years, and I am going to quit."

"Very well," responded Riley. "If you put it on those grounds, I have nothing further in common with you."

Bill walked on up the street, and as he did his conscience smote him. He thought that perhaps the judge might need the money, and he went into the Riggs House, put a quarter in an envelope and told the clerk to hand it to Riley when he came in to ask for his mail. While he was standing there Riley came in.

"Any mail for me, Mr. Clerk?" he asked. The clerk handed Riley the envelope with the quarter in it. Riley took it suspiciously. He had not received a letter in five years, although he asks for his mail every day. He opened the envelope, found the quarter and then began to laugh, while the man who put the quarter in the envelope stood by watching.

"What is it, judge?" asked the clerk.

"Why," Riley replied, "here's a scoundrel who has owed me \$6 for seven years, and now he pays me a quarter on account."—New York World.

Schwab and the Hammer.

When Charles M. Schwab was manager of the Carnegie Steel works he was one day showing a party of eminent foreigners through the mills and furnaces. A German nobleman of great wealth displayed unusual interest in the 125 ton steam hammer. He had never seen anything larger than the eighty-ton one at Krupp's works in Essen. Schwab spoke in high praise of the workman who operated the monster, and the usual invitation was extended, "Place your hand on the anvil, and Greene will stop the hammer."

William McAdoo, the newly installed police commissioner, is an Irishman by birth. He is fifty years of age. About the time of the breaking out of the civil war Mr. McAdoo's father, who was a schoolmaster in Donegal, came with his wife and seven children, to this country and made his home in Jersey City. When William McAdoo grew to manhood he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1874. He was elected to the legislature of New Jersey and was afterward elected to congress four times. He was a member of the house committee on naval affairs. During his second term as president Mr. Cleveland appointed Mr. McAdoo assistant secretary of the navy, which position he retained for a time under President McKinley and was then succeeded by Theodore Roosevelt. The new police commissioner has been a resident of New York city some six years.



"NOW YOU CAN TAKE THE COUNT'S PRESENT FROM MY OWN HAND."

within a hair's breadth of it." "Not my hand, but, with pleasure, any watch," said the German, placing a splendid jeweled timepiece on the anvil. Down came the immense mass of steel, and Greene, his hand on the lever, stopped it a hundredth part of an inch from the crystal.

When he went to hand the watch back the nobleman said, "No, Mr. Greene, I want you to keep it as a memorial of an interesting occasion." Greene was too much embarrassed to say a word, but stood there with his hand outstretched till Schwab stepped forward and took the watch, saying, "Never mind, Greene; I'll keep it for you if you're afraid to take it from the count." A few minutes later the party again passed the spot, and Schwab, summoning Greene, said, "Now you can take the count's present from my own hand," and presented to the mechanic the watch wrapped in a \$100 note.

One on the Bishop.

This is the story a Kansas City traveling man brought with him from Omaha. It is "on" Bishop Millsap of the Episcopal diocese of Kansas, who lives in Topeka.

It seems that the good bishop was recently fishing, and he caught a whopper. At a cafe in Omaha last week he was describing this fish when a stranger joined the party, and the man who had first heard the fish tale said to the bishop:

"Now tell that story again."

The bishop, his identity unknown to the late arrival, did so, describing minutely the fish's dimensions, weight and the like. When he had done, the man who had asked him turned to the late arrival and said:

"What do you think of that?"

"Well, had you told that yarn I'd have said it was a monumental lie, but I don't know your friend here. Introduce him, will you?"

"I would like to present you to Bishop Millsap of Topeka," said the first man.

Tableau.—Kansas City Journal.

The Dining Room Was Better.

There is a remarkably small church in Langdale, England, and a story is told that when Sir George Rose was dining on one occasion with the late Lord Langdale, patron of the living, mention was made of the building. "It is not bigger," said Lord Langdale, "than this dining room." "No," returned Sir George, "and the living is not half so good."

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

Gotham's New Police Commissioner.

Many political wiseacres claim that the administration of the New York police department has a great deal to do with determining national elections. These gentlemen say that the conduct of the metropolitan police force has an important influence upon the voters of New York, the state as well as the city, and that the state of New York is often the determining factor in national elections. Admitting the correctness of this conclusion, then the



WILLIAM McADOO.

whole country is interested in the personality and record of the man who is at the head of the New York police department.

William McAdoo, the newly installed police commissioner, is an Irishman by birth. He is fifty years of age. About the time of the breaking out of the civil war Mr. McAdoo's father, who was a schoolmaster in Donegal, came with his wife and seven children, to this country and made his home in Jersey City. When William McAdoo grew to manhood he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1874. He was elected to the legislature of New Jersey and was afterward elected to congress four times. He was a member of the house committee on naval affairs. During his second term as president Mr. Cleveland appointed Mr. McAdoo assistant secretary of the navy, which position he retained for a time under President McKinley and was then succeeded by Theodore Roosevelt. The new police commissioner has been a resident of New York city some six years.

"She has been shut in by the coalition of European powers of which England is the head, and it looks as if the present movement in the far east, undoubtedly inspired by England, aims to perpetuate the same purpose. Russia is said to be less progressive than some of the neighboring powers, but in this connection it should be remembered that for 300 years she was the bulwark that protected all of continental Europe against the invasion of the Tartar hordes, and in doing this she was necessarily weakened and her progress greatly retarded.

"Every step in Russian policy looking to the acquisition of an outlet essential to the upbuilding of her commerce has been accepted by England as a menace either to India or English ambitions in China. The western world looks with covetous eyes upon the millions of possible consumers in China. It is people they want to manipulate for profit. The community of interest between England and the United States is commercialism.

"Russian territory borders on China for about 7,000 miles, and the ethnical sympathy, considered in connection with their close proximity, forbids that they should be natural enemies. The same ethnical relation includes Japan, and if other influences were not at work there would be a speedy settlement of the questions now at issue between Russia and Japan. But it may well be imagined in the light of all the circumstances that England is again at the bottom of the situation. Her reputed desire to promote peace would seem to be wanting in sincerity, and in view of the attitude assumed by England her ancient enemy, Russia, cannot recede. The conflict is inevitable and may soon come.

"Should England openly ally herself to Japan it may be safely predicted that Russia will use the transcasian road, which, with its branches, now runs very near the Indian border, as a means of transportation for guns and war munitions with which to equip the hill tribes of northern India. Of these there are 15,000,000 or 20,000,000, and the whole country could easily be set ablaze. The Himalayas afford a fruitful field for revolt. The whole of India has hitherto been kept under English subjection through the inability of the natives to equip themselves with modern implements of warfare.

"The time was that such equipment could reach the Indians through the seaports, but since England has controlled in India she has so jealously guarded the ports that all equipment for warfare has been excluded from the country. The transcasian road, over which I traveled for a distance of 2,000 miles, is essentially a military road. Every man employed upon it is a soldier. Projected in a direct line, as it will be extended, it will nearly cross Tibet and will be aimed at the heart of China. It is of greater strategic importance than the transsiberian road. Upon the latter I traveled as the only American passenger on the first through train from Moscow to Irkutsk, a distance of 4,300 miles. Since then the line has been completed its full length of 6,200 miles to Vladivostok.

"I had visited China nearly twenty years ago, and it was to gratify personal curiosity as to exact conditions in central Asia that I made the trip in Russia, extending it into Siberia as far as the road had then been completed. In the event of war Russia, without doubt, will convert the transsiberian road into a military highway over which to transport men, munitions of war and supplies to the far east. On every third (two-thirds of a mile) the entire length of the road there is a

SAYS JAPAN WILL LOSE

J. W. Bookwalter Claims Russia Is Misunderstood.

ONLY AN OPEN PORT IS WANTED.

Sees England's Hand in Present Movement—If She Allies Herself With Japan, Russia, He Says, Will Arm Hill Tribes in India—England Expects United States Will Take a Hand.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio, who has traveled extensively in the far east, when asked by a reporter of the New York Tribune for his views on the existing situation there as related to the possible conflict between Russia and Japan, said:

"The present far eastern situation is full of gravely important possibilities and may precipitate consideration of a question of worldwide significance. Should war begin between Russia and Japan, as now seems imminent, other powers will doubtless be involved, and the ultimate result will be a new alignment of the nations of the earth. The question in its broadest sense that may be involved will array the orientals, who stand for that which is qualitative and sentimental, on one side and the occidentals, who represent the quantitative, material and commercial, on the other.

"Russia's position is much misunderstood. She has no ambition, primarily, to extend her territory; she has now one-seventh of the land area of the world. The thing she wants and which is an absolute necessity to her in this age of international commerce is an open port, for with all her vast territory she is bottled up. Whether she seeks an outlet through the Black sea, by way of the Persian gulf or through Manchuria or Korea, she is laid open to the charge of seeking to acquire further territory. This is not, however, the fundamental purpose, but is incidental and of secondary moment. Russia is taunted with the fact that she has no commerce, which is of course impossible without access to the sea.

"She has been shut in by the coalition of European powers of which England is the head, and it looks as if the present movement in the far east, undoubtedly inspired by England, aims to perpetuate the same purpose. Russia is said to be less progressive than some of the neighboring powers, but in this connection it should be remembered that for 300 years she was the bulwark that protected all of continental Europe against the invasion of the Tartar hordes, and in doing this she was necessarily weakened and her progress greatly retarded.

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"I had visited China nearly twenty years ago, and it was to gratify personal curiosity as to exact conditions in central Asia that I made the trip in Russia, extending it into Siberia as far as the road had then been completed. In the event of war Russia, without doubt, will convert the transsiberian road into a military highway over which to transport men, munitions of war and supplies to the far east. On every third (two-thirds of a mile) the entire length of the road there is a

guard, and with such a complete system of protection interruption of traffic would not be easily accomplished. And if war were in progress every man employed on the line would be a soldier. Already large numbers of Russian troops have been transported to the probable theater of war over this line.

"Japan could only hope at best to secure a briefly temporary advantage, for in the end Russia will accomplish her aim. Even if the powers combine against her they cannot drive her out of Russia, and they cannot prey upon her commerce, for she has none open to attack. Russia is rich in resources and is self-contained. She can manufacture her own guns and munitions of war, and when foodstuffs are considered it should be remembered that she exports almost as much grain as the United States.

"It is probably wide of the truth to assume there is no sympathy between Russia and China. Should war come, however, and China assume an attitude unfriendly to Russia it is highly probable that a Russian army would promptly occupy Peking, or it might be done with the consent of China.

"Englishmen living in Russia with whom I came in contact speak with impudence of English official misconception of Russia's purposes and assert that there is in fact a real community of interest between England and Russia and not the natural antagonism so frequently assumed. Russia's purposes, broadly interpreted, present no cause for conflict, and if the problems now presented are viewed in a rational light and settled upon a broader, higher plane than that of mere commercialism it will make for universal peace for many centuries. But Russia is schooled in the arts of diplomacy, and the hand of England pushing Japan to the conflict is ill concealed. Once war begins England will expect that the United States will take a hand."

AUSTRALIAN CUP HUNTER.

Edward Wallace's Plan to Lift International Yachting Trophy.

Edward Wallace, millionaire mine owner of Brokenhill, Australia, recently discussed with the New York World's correspondent at Vancouver, B. C., his plans for building a challenger to lift the America's cup.

"It has been the dream of my life," he said, "to gain the great yachting cup for Canada, which is my native land. A few days ago, when I was in Halifax, I obtained some designs. I do not think the boat could be built which would have any chance of success for less than \$500,000. My plan is to build a boat at least 120 feet long, 90 feet water line, 25 feet beam and 16 feet draft. I think a racing craft can be built at the same time as a pleasure boat.

"The yacht will not only be a fast boat, but she will be specially fitted for long ocean cruises. In the bow I would carry an immense oil tank as a safeguard against rough weather. The center would be taken up principally with a main saloon sixteen feet long and the full width of the yacht.

"There is no reason why a boat like this built on the western side of the Atlantic, probably at Halifax, should not be able to do what Sir Thomas Lipton has failed in accomplishing. I have not considered the question under what auspices I will sail the boat. Australian sportsmen are willing to back the project to the limit."

LONGSTREET'S ORDERS.

How One Issued by the Confederate General Was Disobeyed.

The late General James Longstreet used to tell a good many stories to show that the men of his command always treated captured Union soldiers with as much consideration and kindness as were possible under the circumstances, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. He said that his orders on this point were very strict, and he never knew any of his men to disobey. As he went on to explain how proud he was of the record of his men on this point a listener employed in one of the departments at Washington interrupted him.

"Undoubtedly your orders were strict, general," he said, "but I happen to know that they were evaded. For example, in east Tennessee you ordered your men to respect the belongings of prisoners, and this is the way some of them did it: I wore a good pair of army shoes, nearly new. One day a good natured fellow in gray, with no shoes to speak of, walked along the line looking intently at the shoes of the captured Unionists. He put his foot by the side of mine and, remarking that I was just his size, added: 'Old Pete (Longstreet) says he will have every man shot who steals anything from a prisoner. To save my life won't you trade shoes with me, for I must have them shoes?' Of course I traded, as did other prisoners."

At this Longstreet smiled, but insisted that the story didn't prove anything.

A Mother Buys Kisses From a Page.

A resemblance to a lost son recently made a small page who attends the guests of the Auditorium Annex in Chicago \$2 richer, says the St. Louis Republic. The woman who saw in him a likeness to her boy refused to give her name. The page, George Wissenberger, parades the corridors and foyers with telegrams and telephone calls for guests. In appearance he is ten years old. "How much you resemble my little boy who died," said a woman in the Pompeian room. "What is your name? How much you look like him?" Then the woman kissed the page. It was a new experience for George, but he appreciated the 50 cents which accompanied the kiss. Later the boy again saw the woman. He went to her when she called. "Won't you kiss me?" she asked. The boy would not, but took the \$1.50 she gave him. Then he went and told the clerk.

Low Settlers' Rates

Southeast Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas

Land of Cheap Homes

The dates are Jan. 19, Feb. 2 and 16, March 1 and 15, April 5 and 19. The rate is a little more than half fare, one way or round trip.

Now is the time to get a home of your own while land is cheap. The Southwest offers the greatest inducements to homeseekers—a mild, equable climate, short pleasant winters, long growing seasons, cheap cost of living.

Land that will grow wheat, corn, oats, clover, alfalfa, cotton, fruits and vegetables of nearly every description can be had at prices ranging from \$5 to \$25 per acre, owing to location, soil and improvements.

Take advantage of some of the above dates and see this great country for yourself.

If you will write us where you want to go, we will tell you the exact cost of your ticket, and send you maps, descriptive literature and help you find a suitable location.

Write to day to

E. W. LA BEAUME,

G. P. & T. A.

Cotton Belt Route, St. Louis, Mo.

WABASH

WEST BOUND.

No. 2, daily 7:05 a. m.
No. 10, daily (daily except Sunday to Camp Point) 10:10 a. m.
No. 9, daily 1:45 p. m.
No. 1, daily (daily except Sunday to Keokuk) 5:55 p. m.

EAST BOUND.

No. 8, daily 1:20 a. m.
No. 4, daily 8:37 a. m.
No. 20, daily, Des Moines accommodation 1:10 p. m.
No. 2, daily 3:10 p. m.

For further information, call on T. Rice Smith, Agent Wabash road, Jacksonville, Ill., or C. C. Crane, Gen. Agt., Ticket Agt., Wabash road, St. Louis, Mo. H. V. Taylor, Asst. Gen. Agt., Wabash road, St. Louis, Mo.

CHICAGO & ALTON RY.

TIME TABLE

*Corrected to Sunday, Dec. 6, 1903—Subject to change without notice.

*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

NORTH BOUND.

*No. 16, Chicago vestibule limited 2:58 am
*No. 12, Atlantic express 6:00 am
*No. 4, Chicago express 1:12 pm
*No. 11, Chicago and Peoria ex. 5:48 pm

WEST BOUND.

THE MARKETS

Chicago, Feb. 3.
Wheat—Twenty-one cars; estimated for to-morrow, twenty cars.
Corn—Twenty and fifteen cars; estimated for to-morrow, 25 cars.
Oats—Eighty-seven cars; estimated for to-morrow, eighty cars.

RANGE OF GRAIN PRICES—

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Today's	Ytd.
May	32.32	34.14	32.32	33.30	31.51
July	33.14	35.00	33.14	34.14	32.51
Corn—					
May	22.14	25.00	22.14	23.14	21.51
July	23.14	26.00	23.14	24.14	22.51
Oats—					
May	14.14	16.00	14.14	15.14	13.51
July	15.14	17.00	15.14	16.14	14.51
Lard—					
May	7.50	7.62	7.50	7.57	7.50
July	7.50	7.62	7.50	7.57	7.50
Ribs—					
May	6.50	6.62	6.50	6.57	6.50
July	6.50	6.62	6.50	6.57	6.50

MATHENY & LLOYD.

(By Associated Press.)
Chicago, Feb. 3.—Wheat—There was very good trade and an unsettled, nervous market, fluctuations covering 15¢ to 25¢ range. The undertone, however, most of the session was strong and steady. Extreme prices reached were not maintained, the close showed May 2¢ higher and July 1¢. Small offerings were an early feature, better cables, bulge in corn and war news being among the factors. The bull party on May purchased openly, but around 2¢ there was considerable resistance for sale through commission houses, but later on prices again advanced to 3¢. Southwest credit with selling and buying later at the advance. Outside markets were up and movement, while moderate, was 12¢ ahead of last year. Free discharges were more active, but at the same time British consols closed about 1-16 higher. Liverpool steady to 3¢ higher. On coast seven boat loads taken.

Corn—Another active day in this market, trade broadening and of a large volume. Feeling prevalent was continuation of that of yesterday and still higher prices established, most of which was maintained, close strong and steady. The bull party on May purchased openly, but around 2¢ there was considerable resistance for sale through commission houses, but later on prices again advanced to 3¢. Southwest credit with selling and buying later at the advance. Outside markets were up and movement, while moderate, was 12¢ ahead of last year. Free discharges were more active, but at the same time British consols closed about 1-16 higher. Liverpool steady to 3¢ higher. On coast seven boat loads taken.

Flour, bbl. 4.00
Wheat, bu. 41.00
Corn, bu. 21.00
Oats, bu. 20.00

LIVESTOCK.
Chicago, Feb. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000. There was an unusually small Wednesday run, the demand was lively from the start and 10¢ to 15¢ higher. Choice were scarce, as usual offerings consisted largely of medium grades with a fair percentage of good to prime. Good to prime, \$4.70 to \$5.00; poor to medium, \$4.00 to \$4.50; stockers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; cows, \$1.50 to \$2.00. Hogs—Receipts, 22,000. Smaller receipts are sending prices skyward very fast. There were about 40,000 on sale to day, demand was lively, prices ruling strong, averaging 10¢ higher. Mixed butchers, \$4.50 to \$5.00; good to choice heavy, \$4.50 to \$5.00; rough and heavy, \$4.00 to \$4.50; light, \$3.50 to \$4.00; bulk of sales, \$4.50 to \$5.00. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000. There was better demand and prices ruled stronger to 10¢ higher. Lambs were scarce and western sheep in good demand. Sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.00; lambs, \$4.00 to \$4.50.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.
St. Louis, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Cash, 34¢; May, 35¢; 45¢. Corn—Cash, 14¢; May, 15¢. Oats—Cash, 10¢; May, 11¢. Cattle—Receipts, 6,000. Active and higher. Beef steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00 to \$2.50; Texas steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 1,000. Ten higher. The range was \$4.50 to \$5.00.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.
Liverpool, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Corn—Spot American mixed, 4s. 2d.; American mixed old firm, 4s. 6d.

NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, Feb. 3.—Wheat—Receipts, 13,000 bu.; spot strong; No. 2 red 56¢ elevator; No. 2 red, 55¢ f. o. b. abut; options closed 1/2¢ to 3/4¢ net higher; May, 56¢. Corn—Receipts, 55,555 bu.; exports, 10,000. Spot unsettled; No. 2, 56¢ elevator and 53¢ f. o. b. abut; No. 2 yellow, 55¢; No. 2 white, 56¢. The small amount of corn shorts in Chicago to day caused an advance of 2¢ here and closed the market at a net high record for the season; May, 59¢. Oats—Receipts, 45,000 bu.; Spot strong; No. 2, 46¢; standard white, 45¢; No. 2 white, 46¢.

FINANCIAL MARKET.
New York, Feb. 3.—The lethargic condition of stock speculation emphasized to day in the absence of special speculative movements in individual stocks, which have helped to the aggregate of reactions for several days past. Dealings in Amalgamated copper became nominal again to day and its price fluctuated narrowly. United States steel preferred also fell into a relatively unimportant position. Both stocks showed some signs of reselling to declining tendency, which was quite manifest in the general market. Paralysis in demand for stocks was attributed to day to fears of collapse in the wild cotton speculation with consequent financial damage. There is no mistaking the fact that enormous contraction in securities during the past year, amounting in many cases to practically wiping out of quotable values has constituted an actual destruction of capital which would otherwise have been available for productive employment. Railway earnings are not yet considered satisfactory. The selling of Pennsylvania was continued on account of its poor showing of December. These war outlook contributed its share to the day's unsettlement, although there was some recovery in the day's news. Concurrence of such minor influences towards depression had increased effect by reason of manifest passing of the period of redundancy of money. Information from Washington that the \$20,000,000 Panama canal payment will be withdrawn from banks had some effect. Money on call easy, 1 1/2% to 2% per cent, closing bid, 1 1/2%; offered at 2%. Time loans steady, sixty days, 3 1/2% to 4% per cent; ninety days, 4 1/4%; six months, 4 1/2% to 5%. Prime paper, 4 1/2% to 5%; exchange steady; demand, 4 1/2% to 5%; sixty days, 4 1/2% to 5%; Bar silver, 55¢ to 60¢.

GOVERNMENTS.	
Registered 2s	104 1/2
Registered 2s	104 1/2
Coupon 2s	106
Coupon 3s	106
Registered 4s, new	132 1/2
Coupon 4s, new	132 1/2
Registered 8s, old	107
Coupons 4s, old	107
STOCKS.	

I. RAWLINGS CLOTHING CO.

AT COST

Our Entire Stock of Men's, Boys' Suits and
and Children's - - - - Overcoats

Men's Sweaters in Colors at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50

F. A. MOSELEY, V. P.

M. H. HAVENHILL, Sec'y-Treas.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MASTERS.

Hon. S. D. Masters, one of the oldest residents of Menard county, died Tuesday night at his home in Sandridge, nine miles north of Petersburg, at the advanced age of 95 years. He was an uncle of S. D. Masters of this city. Mr. Masters was a native of Tennessee and first came from that state to Morgan county in the early sixties. He was prominent in the affairs of the state and served as a member of the legislature. He is survived by his widow, two sons and a daughter. His sons are: Har- din Masters, of Lewiston, and Mm. Masters, of Sangamon county. The funeral will be held Thursday.

THORNBORROW.

Mrs. Eliza Thornborrow died at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning at her home on West North street after an extended illness. Mrs. Thornborrow's maiden name was Travis and she was born 57 years ago at Oldham England. With the family of her grand- father James Travis she came to this country from England when six years of age and the family for a long time resided near Arcadia. The deceased was married to John Thorn- borrow about 35 years ago and this city was ever their home. Mr. Thornborrow who died several years ago was for 10 years wool buyer for Capps mills and afterward was in partnership with James Harrigan in the wool business.

Mrs. Thornborrow was a member of the Episcopal church and ever lived consistently and in such a manner as to call for the admiration of all who knew her. She was a woman devoted to her home and family and her gentle, kindly influence was al- ways for good. Six children survive her: Dr. John A. Thornborrow, Misses Emma and Agnes Alfred and Walter all of this city and Will Thorn-

barrow of Rockford. The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock Friday at the residence 740 West North street.

INGALS.

At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. James Ralston, in Springfield, Wednesday morning, Feb. 3, John Ingals, aged 84 years, died of old age.

The deceased was born near Lexington, Ky., Sept. 2, 1819, and came to Jacksonville, Ill., in 1826 with his parents. He was married March 14, 1843, to Miss Elizabeth King. He was for years a member of the Berlin Baptist church.

He leaves three sons: John F. Chas. K. and James D. Ingals, of this city; one daughter, Mrs. Ralston; and five grandchildren, Mrs. Nora Bates, of Missouri; Mrs. Sofia J. Wal- lace, of Springfield; Lulu Honnass, of Rockford, and Cecil and Raymond Scott of Berlin.

CHAMBERLAIN'S STOMACH AND LIVER TABLETS—UN- EQUALLED FOR CON- STIPATION.

A. R. Kane, a prominent druggist of Baxter Springs, Kan., says: "Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are, in my judgment, the most superior preparation of any- thing in use to day for constipation. They are sure in action and with- out tendency to nauseate or gripe. For sale by all leading druggists."

\$5.00 Shoes for \$3.52, and \$4.00 Shoes for \$3.00, at Hoff- man Bros.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Norton will be held at 2 p. m. Thurs- day at the residence.

SURPRISE PARTY.

Mr. Frank Haygood was very pleas- antly surprised last evening at his home on Allen avenue. About forty friends assembled early in the evening unknown to him, and pro- ceeded to take temporary possession. The genuineness of the surprise added to the pleasure of the evening which was spent in a most delightful man- ner with music and games. Delicious refreshments were served and the evening was indeed one thoroughly enjoyed by all present. The prizes were won by Mr. and Mrs. Souza. Among the guests present from out of the city were Wilford Barnes, of Elgin and Mr. Kennedy, of South Chicago.

FOR SICK AND NERVOUS PEOPLE.

We have a cure for nervous and un- steady people, weak, fleshless people, and pinpally, pale or sallow people; people who are troubled with loss of ambition, failing memory, depression of spirits, lack of confidence, nervous headache and wakefulness, all these symptoms are produced by weak nerves brought on by the watery con- dition of the blood. Make strong, rich red blood, and furnish food for the nerves is the way to stop the source of disease, and cure them is only a question of days. The best flesh and food builder is Dr. Gunn's Blood and Nerve Tonic, in tablet form to take at meal time. Sells at 75c a box or three boxes for \$2, at all druggists. People gain from 1 to 3 pounds of solid healthy flesh per week, by the use of this medicine. This is an indication that it is doing good. Lee P. Alcott, Druggist, east side square.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. J. A. Ober- meyer's Drug Store.

MORE EVIDENCE TAKEN

Coroner's Inquest in Murga- troyd Case Still in Progress. Pate Had Told of the Crime.

The taking of evidence by the jury investigating concerning the death of Miss Stella Murgatroyd continued Wednesday. The most important evi- dence was given by Dr. Day who tes- tified that John Pate had in a conver- sation Jan. 31, said that Dr. Man- ley committed the abortion.

Mrs. Lillian Correll testified that Dr. Manley had been in his office Jan. 21, the day on which it is alleged the abortion was committed. She said Dr. Correll was not in the office that day but part of the time was in the living rooms adjoining. Dr. Manley came about noon and stayed until a short time after 3 o'clock. Several ladies were at the office that after- noon but the witness did not know any of them. She did not see a man and a woman come in together. Mrs. Correll stated that she knew John Pate but did not see him there the day mentioned.

Edward A. Brennan, one of the proprietors of the Pacific hotel tes- tified that Dr. Manley registered at the hotel Jan. 21. Mrs. John Pate was also on the stand but her evi- dence gave no particular light on the trouble.

Dr. Day testified that from the first he thought Miss Murgatroyd would die. She asked him once if he thought she would recover and he told her no. She said an arrange- ment had been made for the abor- tion and that she had been assured that there was no danger. The girl did not say who had made the ar- rangement. Pate had told Dr. Day that he would pay the bill for med- ical attendance on Miss Murgatroyd and he did pay \$25. They had some talk about the matter and Dr. Day said that as a physician he would have to give the real cause on the certificate in the event of death. Pate said something about his poor wife and children and that such a cer- tificate would make a tramp of him. Pate said that the girl had an abor- tion performed and that Dr. Manley was such a bungler. Dr. Day asked Pate if Manley had boiled the in- strument he had used or taken any other precautions and Pate said he did not see him clean it or boil it. Pate said he was present when the abortion was committed and that it was done in Correll's office. Said Dr. Correll was in adjacent room when abortion was committed. He said no one was present at the time but himself. Dr. Manley and the girl. He told Dr. Day how sorry he was. The girl had told Pate she would kill herself if he did not do something for her.

PATE HAS GONE.

Mrs. Pate when on the stand, tes- tified that she did not know the where- abouts of her husband; that he had disappeared without telling her any- thing about it.

Pate is known to have drawn \$200 from a bank either Saturday or Mon- day and it is said that he boarded a south-bound Alton train Monday night.

An effort will be made by Sheriff Rodgers to apprehend him. He is a man easy to identify, as he in- jured his eye severely a few years since with a harness hook. Besides mixed in with his dark brown hair is a patch of white.

\$3.00 Shoes for \$2.25, and \$3.50 Shoes for \$2.75, at Hoff- man Bros.

FUNERALS.

CLEMENTS.

The funeral of Mrs. T. R. Clements was held Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from the residence on South Clay avenue. The services were in charge of Rev. R. F. Thrapp, pas- tor of the Christian church, who spoke from the text, John 11:25-26, referring to the resurrection. His remarks were particularly appropri- ate and were of a comforting char- acter. Music was furnished by a quartette consisting of Miss Alene Arenz, Mrs. O. L. Hill, Chas. L. Hayden and T. H. Rapp. The bearers were F. M. Harney, Stephen Gohram, William Woods, J. L. Henton, John Black and John Biggs. The re- mains were taken to Chatham, Ill., for interment.

Miss Elizabeth Ellinson was born in Ohio, July 5, 1854 and was mar- ried to Thomas R. Clements Sept. 4, 1882. Three children were born to this union two having preceded the mother to the better land. Mrs. Clements united with the Christian church under the ministry of Zach- ary Sweeney in 1882 and ever lived an earnest christian life. She had resided in Jacksonville since 1888. In addition to her husband she is survived by one son, James Clements.

NOTICE PUPILS.

The second semester of the school year will soon open and pupils who are expecting to enter should do so this week or early next week. Pupils in all grades will find it to their ad- vantage to commence the school work the first day of the term.

E. E. Webster, Supt.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons. J. A. Ober- meyer's Drug Store.



ALMOST ACHIEVED IT.

Jack's Nearest Approach to the Hun- dred Per Cent Mark.

Jack's parents were ambitious for their offspring, but the offspring lacked both ambition and industry. Hockey and marbles were far more attractive to Jack than geography and arithme- tic; consequently his father and mother had never achieved the desire of their hearts, which was to see their son at the head of his class.

As the winter progressed Jack's monthly reports kept pace with the thermometer in its slide toward zero. Mother was discouraged; father was wrathful. First bribes were offered, then threats were resorted to, but nothing availed. The end of each month al- ways called forth the same scene in Jack's family—tears on the part of mother, the switch on the part of fa- ther.

Jack would seem to be overcome by remorse and promise better things for the future, but if skating or coasting happened to be good his resolutions would melt under the ardor of his en- thusiasm for these sports, and the les- sons would go by the board.

"Oh, Jack, why can't you get 100?" sighed his mother when his last report was presented.

Jack fidgeted, stood first on one foot, then on another; then he burst out des- perately:

"Well, mother, I—I come pretty near it this month. I—I sat next to a boy that got 100!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

Refused to Serve.

A Frenchman went to a brother member of his lodge and said to him: "What does a polar bear do?"

The brother answered:

"What does a polar bear do? Why, he sits on the ice."

"Sits on zee ice?"

"Yes," said the brother. "There is nothing else to sit on."

"Vell, vat he do too?"

"What does he also do? Why, he eats fish."

"Eat fish—sits on zee ice and eats fish. Then I not accept."

"You don't accept? What do you mean?"

"Oh, non, non! I does not accept. I was appointed to act as polar bear to zee funeral."—Atlanta Journal.

The Exchange Habit.

"I took back those socks that wouldn't fit Willie."

"The ones you said you'd change?"

"Yes. And that odious Jim Cramp- ton waited on me. He asked me how long I had kept the socks, and I an- swered about two weeks. And what do you think he said?"

"Give it up."

"He said I ought to change 'em of- tener."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates and cures quickly. Care- ful mothers keep it in the house. Sold by J. A. Obermeyer's Drug Store.

Third and Last Week
of our

Semi-Annual Clearing Sale

Men's \$12, \$15, and \$18 Suits - \$9.75

Men's \$10 Overcoats - \$7.00

Men's \$15 Overcoats - \$9.75

Men's \$18 Overcoats - \$12.75

Your Dollars will do Double
Duty Here.

SEEBERGER
& BRO.

Special Sale



Walk-Overs
\$3.00 and \$3.50

Winter Footwear

Our annual mid-winter clearance sale is on in full blast. A heavy reduction on all footwear.

\$1.90 Will buy a nice choice pair of Ladies' shoes former price \$2.50 and \$3.00

\$2.50 For this money we can give an assortment of men's shoes, previously sold at \$3.50 and \$4

Let Us Save You Money

All Ladies House Slippers away off. 50c and \$1. Lot of Felt Boots and Overshoes.

HOPPER & SON

Stacey Adams
\$1.00 and \$1.50.



For That Shirtwaist Suit
WE ARE SHOWING

New plain and figured Mohairs, fancy and spotted Voiles, Checked Silk and a special assortment of advanced styles in Cotton Homespun and Canvas Cloths.

New Embroideries, White Goods, Mercerized Waistings and a big assortment of champagne shades in Shirt Waists.

Get our reduced prices on CLOAKS, SUITS, SKIRTS, COMFORTS and BLANKETS

For First Week in February

10 per cent Discount

on Colored and Wool Dress Goods.

Montgomery & Deppe
Trade Palace

February Bargains

At The

Andre & Andre
STORE

In Order to move goods quick we will offer special induce- ments in all lines, to make room for spring goods, which are already beginning to arrive

Furniture, Carpetings,
Lace Curtains,
Wall Paper,
Draperies, &c

Everything in the housefurnishing line at unheard of prices. Watch our windows for bargains and advance spring styles.

What we Say we do, we do do